

INTRODUCTION

To the owner or user: This service manual is intended to provide you and the maintenance or service technician with the information needed to install, start up, clean, maintain and service this ice system.

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Parts Lists and Wiring Diagrams are located in the center of this manual, printed on yellow paper.

CMS1202

FOR THE INSTALLER

The CMS1202 will fit Scotsman's ice storage bin (48" wide) model BH900, and with adaptors, the following Scotsman ice storage bins:

- BH1000 (use KBT21)
- BH1360.

When stacking onto another CMS1202 or a CMS1402, use kit KSCMS48.

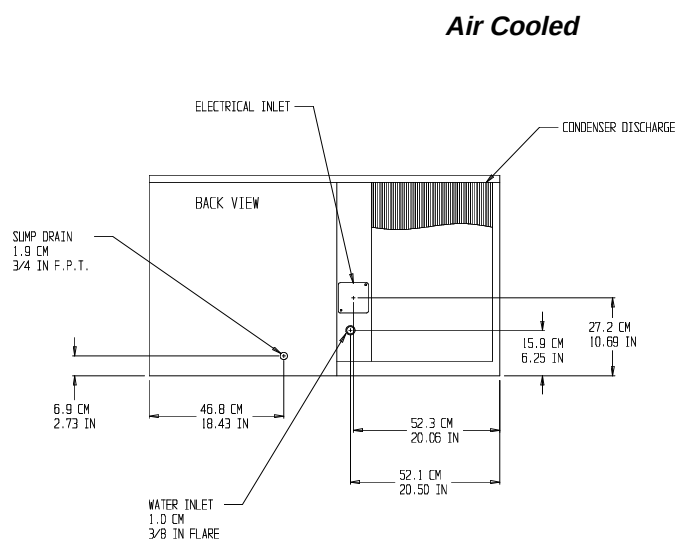
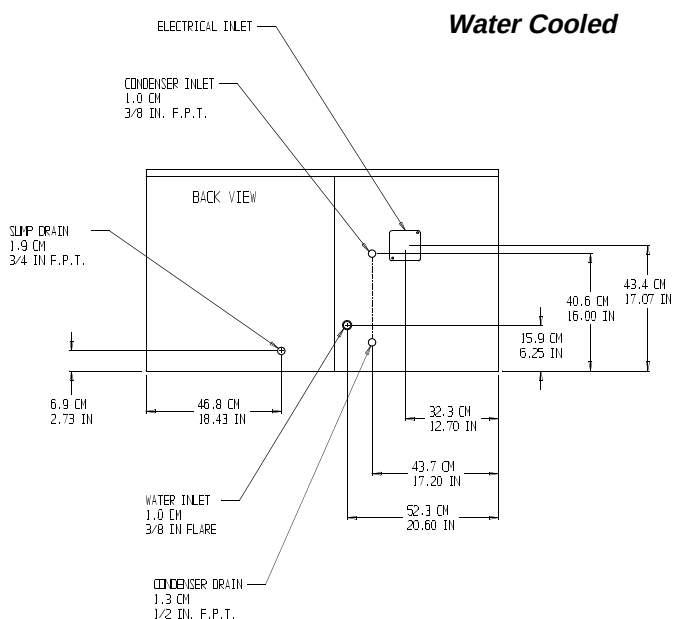
The normal finish for the machine is enamel sandalwood. An optional stainless steel panel kit (SPKCMS1402) can be field installed. It contains a stainless steel top, left side panel, an overlay right side panel, and front panel.

Scotsman Ice Systems are designed and manufactured with the highest regard for safety and performance. They meet or exceed the standards of U.L., N.S.F., and C.S.A.

Scotsman assumes no liability or responsibility of any kind for products manufactured by Scotsman that have been altered in any way, including the use of any parts and/or other components not specifically approved by Scotsman.

Scotsman reserves the right to make design changes and/or improvements at any time. Specifications and designs are subject to change without notice.

This manual covers A and B models.



Model Number	Dimensions (w/o bin) W" x D" x H"	Basic Electrical	Minimum Circuit Ampacity*	Maximum Fuse Size	Refrigerant Charge	Condenser Type
CMS1202AE-3B	48 x 24 ³ / ₈ x 27 ¹ / ₂	208-230/60/3	14.8	20	60 oz. R-22	Air
CMS1202WE-3B	48 x 24 ³ / ₈ x 27 ¹ / ₂	208-230/60/3	14.1	20	64 oz. R-22	Water
CMS1202AE-32B	48 x 24 ³ / ₈ x 27 ¹ / ₂	208-230/60/1	20.8	30	60 oz. R-22	Air
CMS1202WE-32B	48 x 24 ³ / ₈ x 27 ¹ / ₂	208-230/60/1	20.1	30	64 oz. R-22	Water

* Minimum Circuit Ampacity is used to determine wire size and type per the National Electric Code. If the nameplate has different numbers from the above, go by the nameplate.

This ice system is designed to be installed indoors, in a controlled environment.

	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
Air Temperature	50°F.	100°F.
Water Temperature	40°F.	100°F.
Water Pressure	20 psi	80 psi

FOR THE INSTALLER: Location & Assembly

Location:

After uncrating and inspection, the unit is ready for installation. It is important that the machine be installed in a location where it has enough space around it to be accessible for service. A minimum of 6" must be allowed at the back for air circulation on air cooled models. Try to avoid hot, dirty and crowded locations. Be sure that the location for the machine is within the environmental limitations.

Storage Bin:

Tip the storage bin on its back, using parts of the carton to protect the exterior finish. Install the legs, use a heavy duty leg kit if stacking two ice machines on one bin.

1. Arrange for proper electric, water and drain.

See instructions for the plumber and for the electrician.

2. After mounting the legs, position the ice storage bin in the selected location:

Note: Allow enough space to the left and back to service the machine. Do NOT push the bin into position, instead, lift it there. Pushing a bin may damage the legs and leg mounts.

Level the bin in both the front to rear and side to side directions by adjusting the leg levelers. Select a well ventilated location for air cooled models.

Note: Air cooled models blow air from front to back.

3. Inspect the bin top mounting gasket which should be flat, with no wrinkles, to provide a good water seal when the cuber is installed on top of the bin.

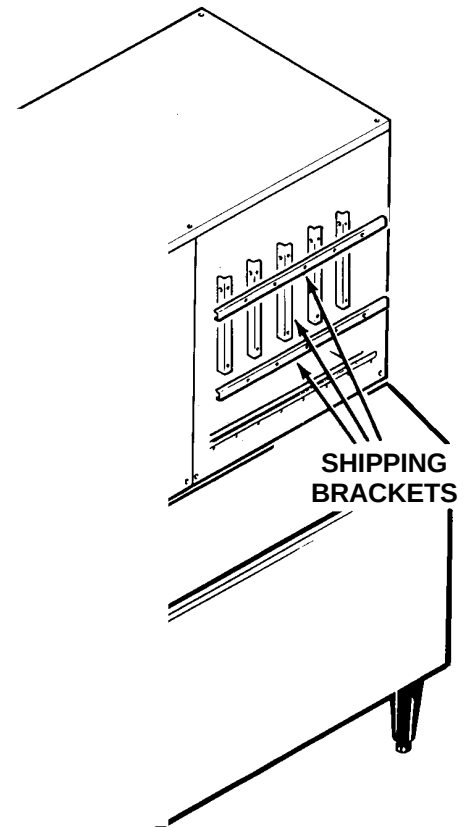
Ice Maker:

Install the modular cuber on top of the bin using care to be sure a good seal is made between the two cabinets. Use of a mechanical lift is recommended. Align the holes in the bottom rear of the cabinet to mate with the two mounting holes on the top rear of the bin.

Use bolts and straps found on the back of the icemaker to secure the ice machine to the bin. When alignment and leveling are completed, tighten the bolts to secure the mounting straps.

Remove the front panel, and remove the evaporator shipping brackets and hardware.

ICE MACHINE AND BIN ASSEMBLY



CMS1202

FOR THE INSTALLER: Location & Assembly

Stacking Instructions

When stacking two units, remove the top panel and the evaporator cover from the lower icemaker. (The top removed from the lower icemaker will no longer have any function.)

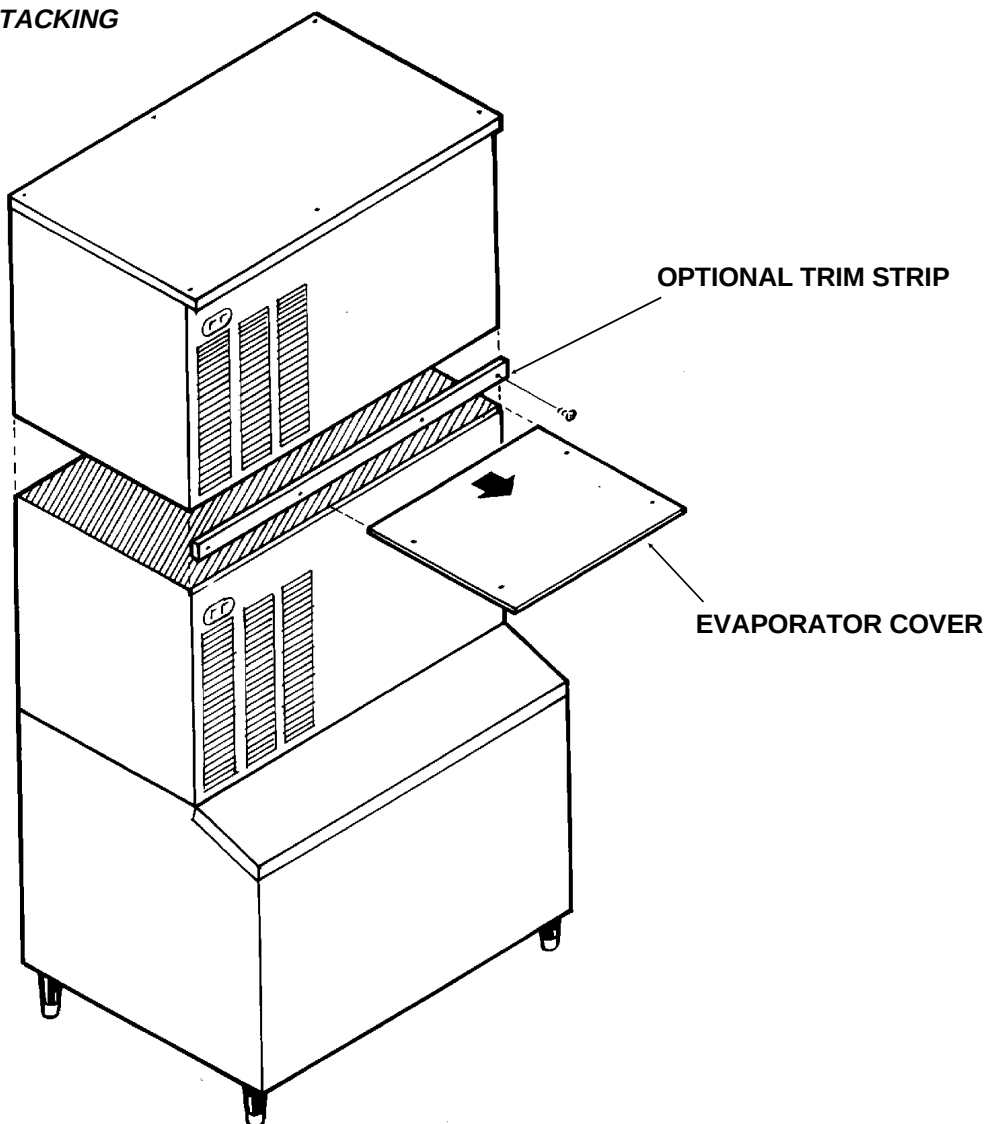
Carefully lift the uncrated top unit onto the bottom one and align the two cabinets. Use of a mechanical lift is recommended for this step.

At the back of the two icemakers, bolt the upper icemaker cabinet to the lower icemaker cabinet using the mounting straps and bolts from the hardware package.

A stacking kit is required to interconnect the CMS ice level controls.

A different stacking kit is required to stack a CMS machine onto a CM model.

STACKING

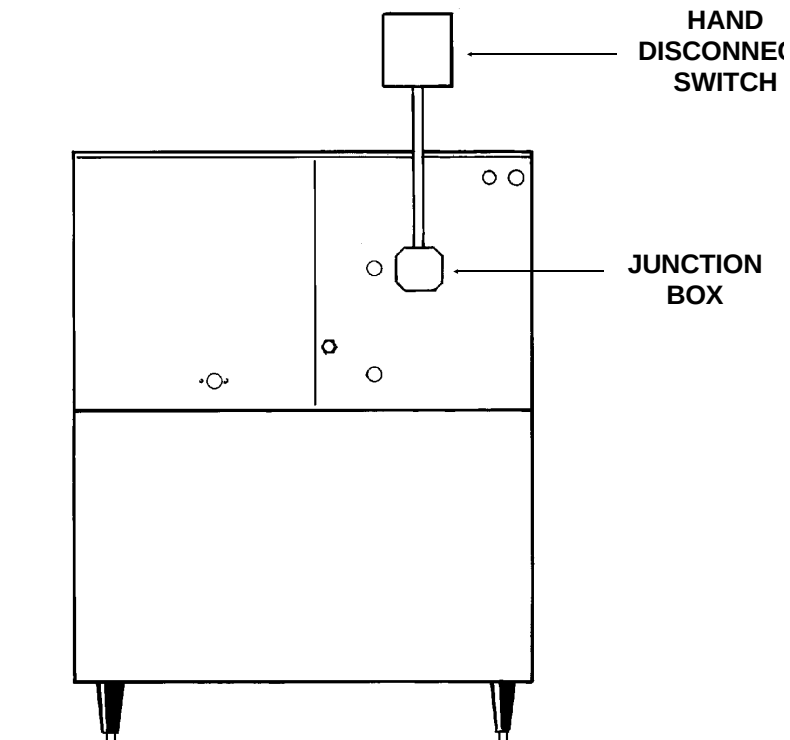
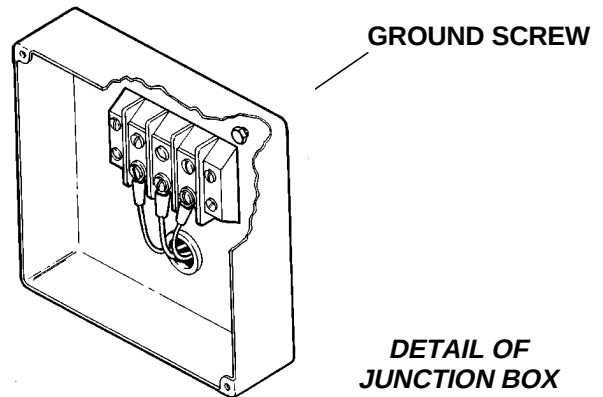


FOR THE ELECTRICIAN

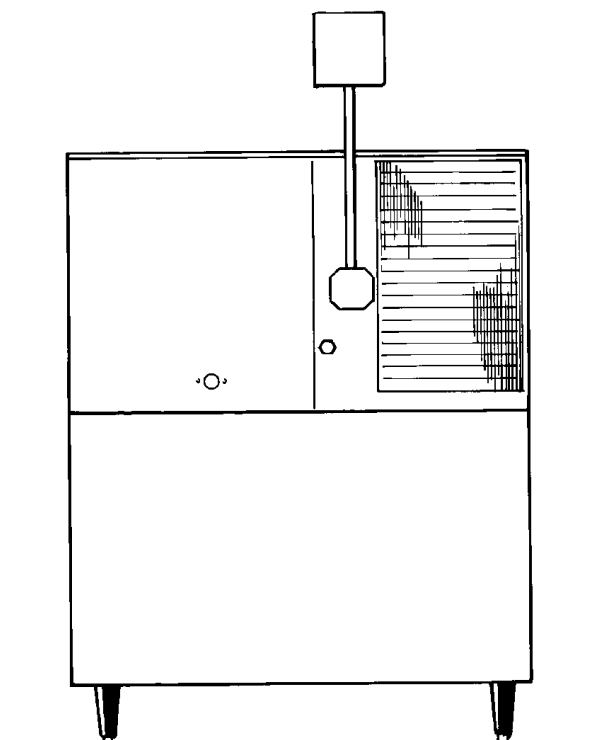
SEE NAMEPLATE for current requirements to determine wire size to be used for electrical hookup. The cuber requires a solid chassis to chassis earth ground wire. See Wiring Diagram. Be certain the cuber is connected to its own electrical circuit and individually fused. Voltage variation should not exceed ten percent of the nameplate rating, even under starting conditions. Low voltages can cause erratic operation and may be responsible for serious damage to the icemaker.

Electrical connections are made at the rear of the icemaker, inside the junction box.

All external wiring should conform to the national, state and local electrical code requirements. Usually an electrical permit and services of a licensed electrician will be required.



ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, WATER COOLED



ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, AIR COOLED

CMS1202

FOR THE PLUMBER

FOLLOW ALL LOCAL CODES:

The recommended water supply line is a 3/8-inch O.D. copper tubing with a minimum operating pressure of 20 PSIG and a maximum of 80 PSIG.

Connect to cold water supply line with standard plumbing fittings, with shut off valve installed in an accessible place between the water supply and the cuber. In some cases a plumber will be required.

Water Limitations:

An ice machine is a food manufacturing plant, it takes in a raw material, water, and turns it into a food product, ice. The purity of the water is very important in obtaining pure ice and in maximizing product life. It is generally better to filter the water, although there is no one filter that will cure all water problems. A good filter combined with a polyphosphate feeder gives about the best overall performance.

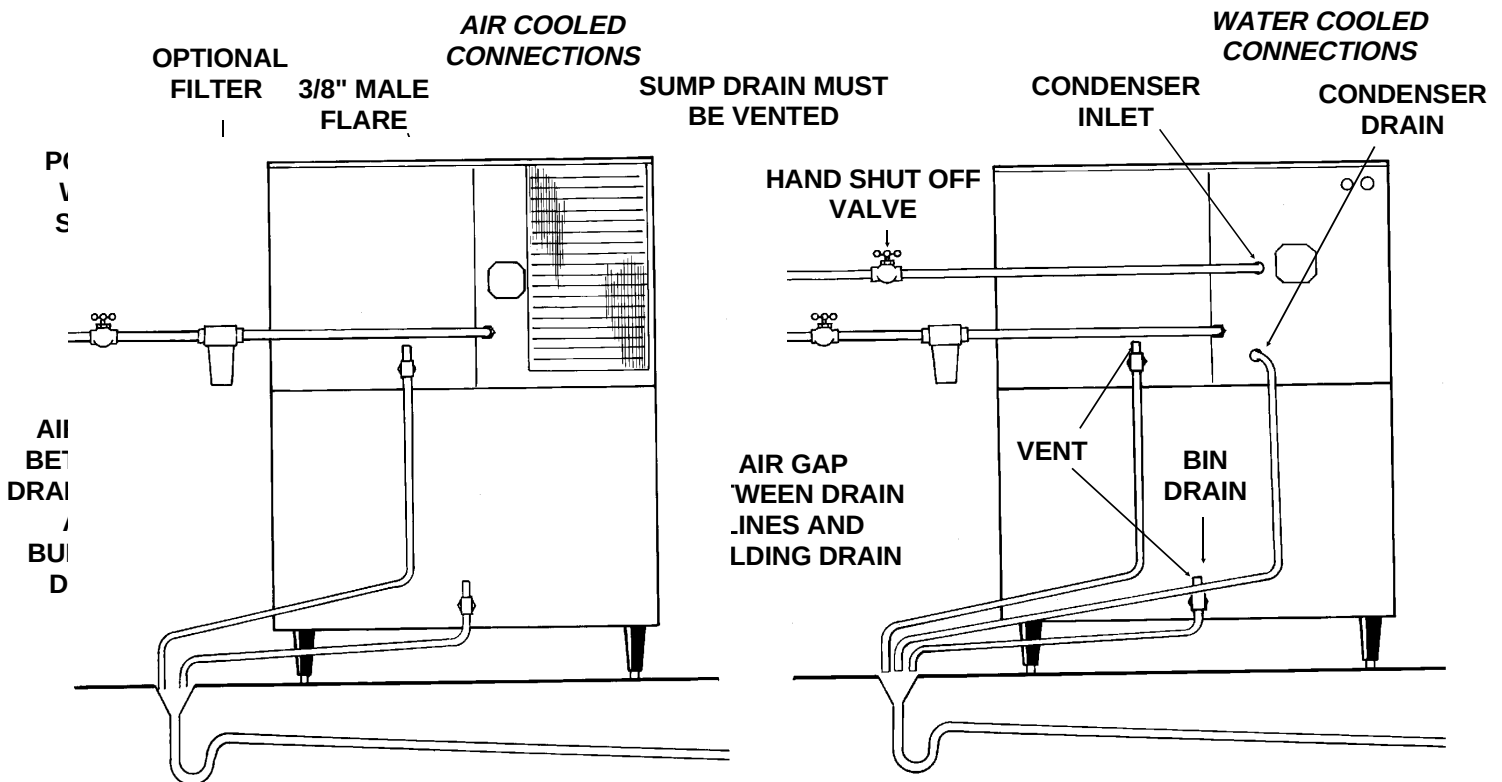
DRAIN

Connections: All drains are gravity type and must have a minimum of 1/4-inch fall per foot on horizontal runs. The drains to be installed to conform with the local plumbing code. Install a vertical open vent on drain line high point to insure good draining. The ideal drain receptacle is a trapped and vented floor drain. Recommended bin drain is 5/8 inch O.D. copper tubing and should be vented and run separately. Insulation for high humidity areas is recommended.

Terminate drains above the drain receptacle with the proper air gap per local code.

The ice machine sump drain is 3/4" FPT. There must be a vent at this connection for proper sump drainage.

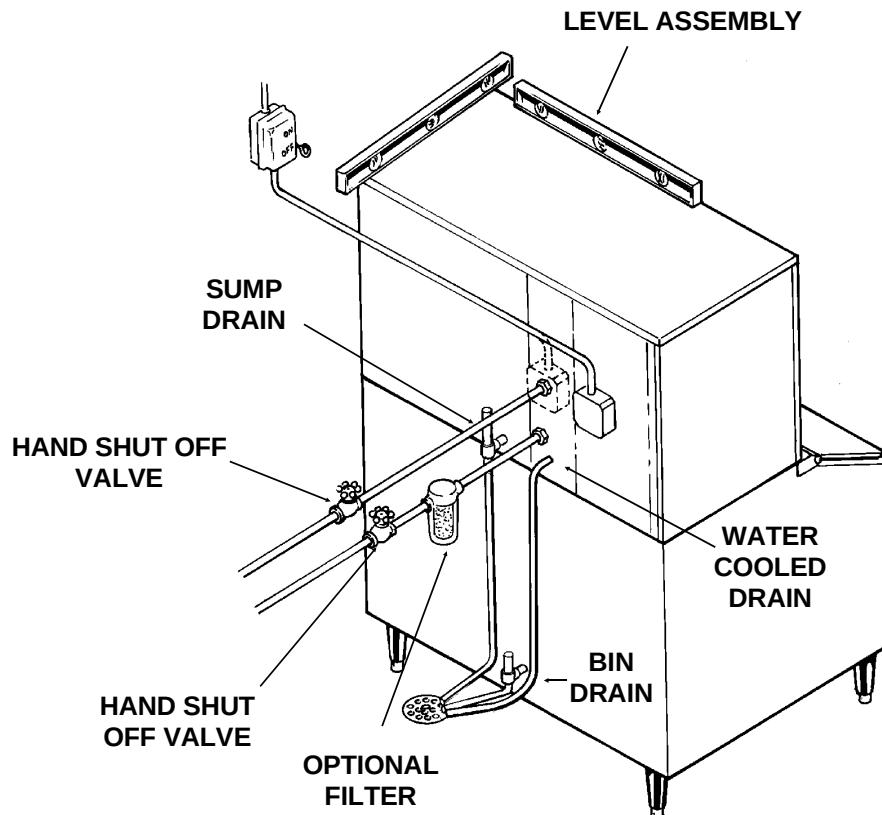
WATER COOLED MODELS: On water cooled models, a separate cold water supply inlet is required, to be connected to a 3/8-inch female pipe thread (FPT) fitting at the rear of the cabinet. An additional drain line is required to drain the water cooled condenser, and must not interconnect to any other of the unit's drains.



WATER SUPPLY AND DRAIN CONNECTION

FINAL CHECK LIST

1. Is the cabinet in a room where ambient temperatures are within the minimum and maximum temperatures specified?
2. Is there at least six inches clearance at the left and back sides of the cabinet for proper air circulation? (Air Cooled models)
3. Has water supply pressure been checked to insure a minimum of 20 PSIG and a maximum of 80 PSIG operating pressure?
4. Is the cabinet level?
5. Check that any shipping material has been removed from inside the cabinet.
6. Check that the reservoir is properly secured to the bottom of the evaporator plates.
7. Have all electrical, water and drain connections been made?
8. Is the water supply line shut off valve installed and electrical wiring properly connected?
9. Check all refrigerant lines and conduit lines, to guard against vibration or rubbing and possible failure.
10. Have the bin and cabinet been wiped clean?
11. Has the Manufacturers Registration form been properly filled out? Check for correct model and serial numbers from Serial nameplate, then mail the completed card to the SCOTSMAN factory.
12. Has the owner/user been given the Service Manual and instructed how to operate and maintain the icemaker?
13. Has the owner been given the name and telephone number of the authorized SCOTSMAN Service Agency serving him?



FINAL INSTALLATION

CMS1202

INITIAL START UP

1. Remove the front panels by removing screws at the base and pulling out.

2. Remove two screws and the control box cover.

3. Check that the two switches on the control box, the ICE-OFF-WASH rocker switch and the COMPRESSOR ON-OFF toggle switch are in the OFF position.

4. OPEN the water supply line shut off valve.

5. Switch the electrical power ON.

6. Inside the control box is the shaft of the timer and the switch assembly. Rotate the shaft of the timer and switch assembly clockwise until the cam is lined up as shown in "Front View of Timer".

7. Move the ICE-OFF-WASH rocker switch to the ICE position.

8. Check the water fill cycle: For several minutes the inlet water valve will be open and water will flow into the reservoir. Near the end of the fill cycle, water should be overflowing the reservoir and draining thru the reservoir drain. If at the end of the fill cycle the reservoir is not full, repeat step 6.

Check that the sump covers are snapped in place.

Check that the water distributors are properly seated at the top of the evaporators, and that water is flowing over all cube cells.

Note: Some water spray from the evaporators is normal when the machine is new. The spray will quit after a few cycles.

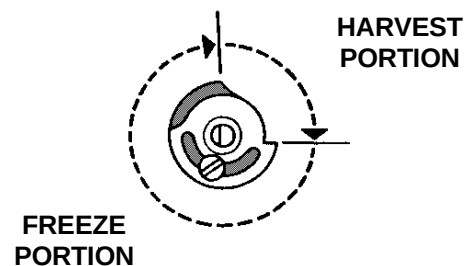
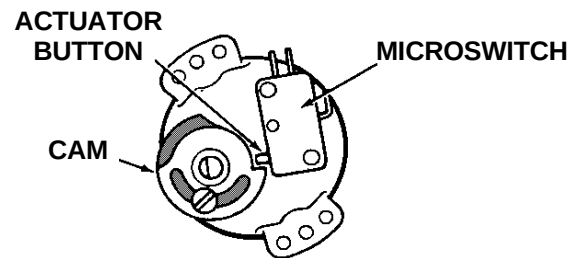
9. When the sump has filled, move the compressor ON-OFF toggle switch, to the ON position.

10. On air cooled models the fan motors will begin to blow warm air out the back of the machine. Water cooled models will begin to flow warm water out of the condenser drain.

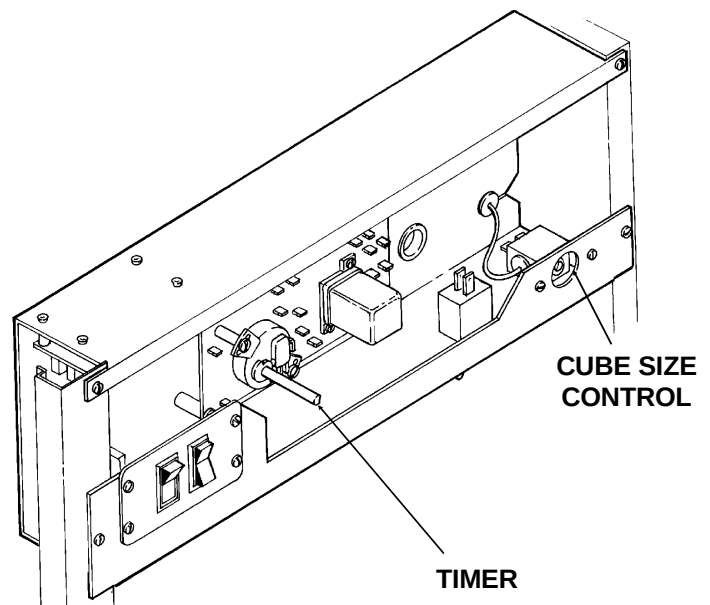
Note: To optimize the balance between ice production and water use, the freeze cycle discharge pressure must be 220 P.S.I.G. Check discharge pressure and adjust the water regulating valve to obtain 220 P.S.I.G. discharge pressure.

11. Check operation of the freezing cycle: Ice will begin to form from the top of the evaporators down. After the first cycle freezing time will range between 15 and 18 minutes. Freeze cycle time is longer for temperatures above 70°F. and shorter when temperatures are below 70°F. Average complete cycle time is about 19 minutes.

FRONT VIEW OF TIMER



CONTROL BOX



INITIAL START UP

12. **After an ice harvest check Cube Size.** There is just enough water in the reservoir to make one full sized batch of cubes. The water pump may pick up some air at the end of the freezing cycle and then bubbles in the pump discharge hose are normal. If the water pump quits pumping water, the cube size control may be set too cold, or the water system may be leaking water.

Compare cube size to the "Cube Size Diagram".

To adjust cube size, locate the cube size control in the front of the control box, and rotate the adjustment screw one eighth of a turn

COUNTER Clockwise to produce SMALLER sized ice cubes

Clockwise to produce LARGER ice cubes

Check the size of ice cubes in the next cube harvest and repeat the adjustment until the correct ice cube size is achieved.

13. **Check Harvest Time.** There must be enough time in harvest to defrost all the cubes, but not an excessive amount that will waste capacity. The length of the harvest cycle is determined by the timer cam positions.

If needed, adjust the harvest time so that there are about 15 seconds of harvest time left after the last cube has fallen off the evaporators.

Because harvest time varies with the water and air temperatures at the ice machine, colder air and water will result in faster ice making, but longer harvest cycles. **Do not adjust harvest time too short or the unit will not harvest all the ice.**

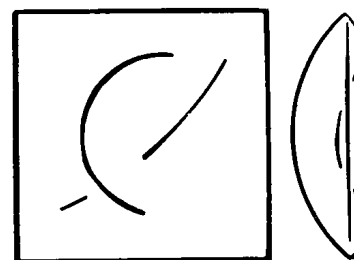
The harvest time is set by: loosening the set screw on the cam, rotating the shaft so that the opening between the cams increases or decreases, retightening the set screw when the cams are in the desired position. More of an opening between the cams = more harvest time.

An adjustment of the cube size control may be needed after the harvest time has been changed. Check cube size again.

14. **Check Bin Ice Level Control:** With the icemaker in a harvest cycle, place something flat & solid directly below the sensor socket (located near the center back of the base). The machine will then switch OFF at the end of the harvest cycle. Within seconds after removal of the obstruction the icemaker will restart.

CUBE SIZE DIAGRAM

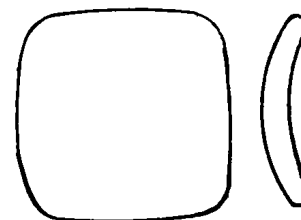
JUST RIGHT



When the cubes are the correct size, they will be connected together vertically, and drop off in strips. The batch weight will be about 13.5 to 14.5 lb.

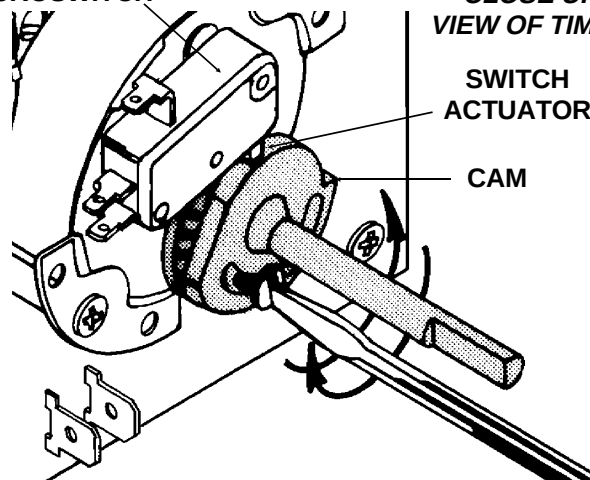
Note: If the cubes at the bottom rows of some evaporators are smaller than others, the size difference does not affect capacity or performance. However, there should be some ice in all cells. If not, contact the Factory.

TOO SMALL



MICROSWITCH

CLOSE UP VIEW OF TIMER



The control has two positions, FULL and PARTIAL. Full shuts the machine off when ice is 8" from the bottom of the sensor socket. The control will not work on bins taller than 8'.

15. Replace all covers, panels and screws.

16. Fill out and mail in the Warranty Registration and Customer Response form. Explain to the owner/user the operation and maintenance requirements of the ice machine. Inform the owner of the name and telephone number of the local SCOTSMAN Distributor or service agency.

CMS1202

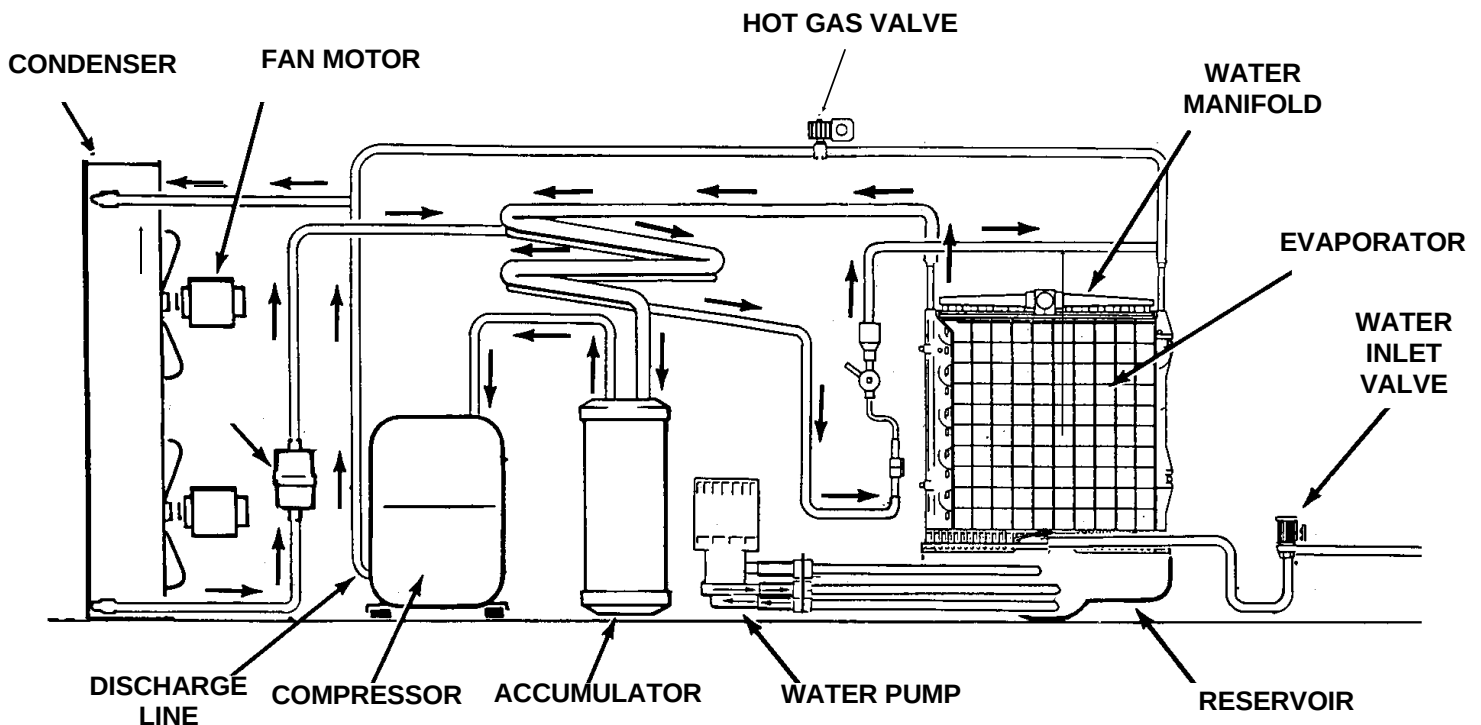
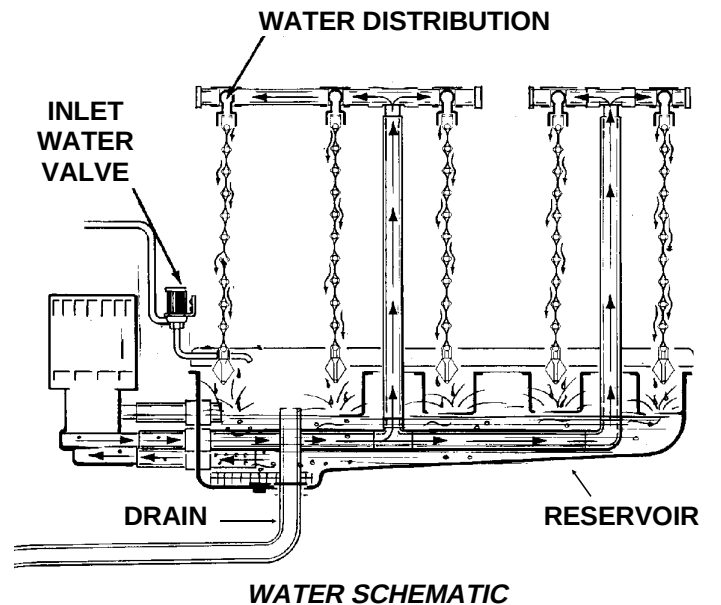
FREEZING CYCLE OPERATION

Water from the sump assembly is pumped to the water distributor system at the top of each evaporator plate. From the water distributor the water cascades by gravity over all cells of the plate and to the sump assembly below.

At the beginning of the freezing cycle, the electrical circuit is completed to the compressor and the water pump. The water pump operates continuously, through both the freezing cycle and the harvest cycle.

In water cooled models, water also flows through the condenser and out the drain.

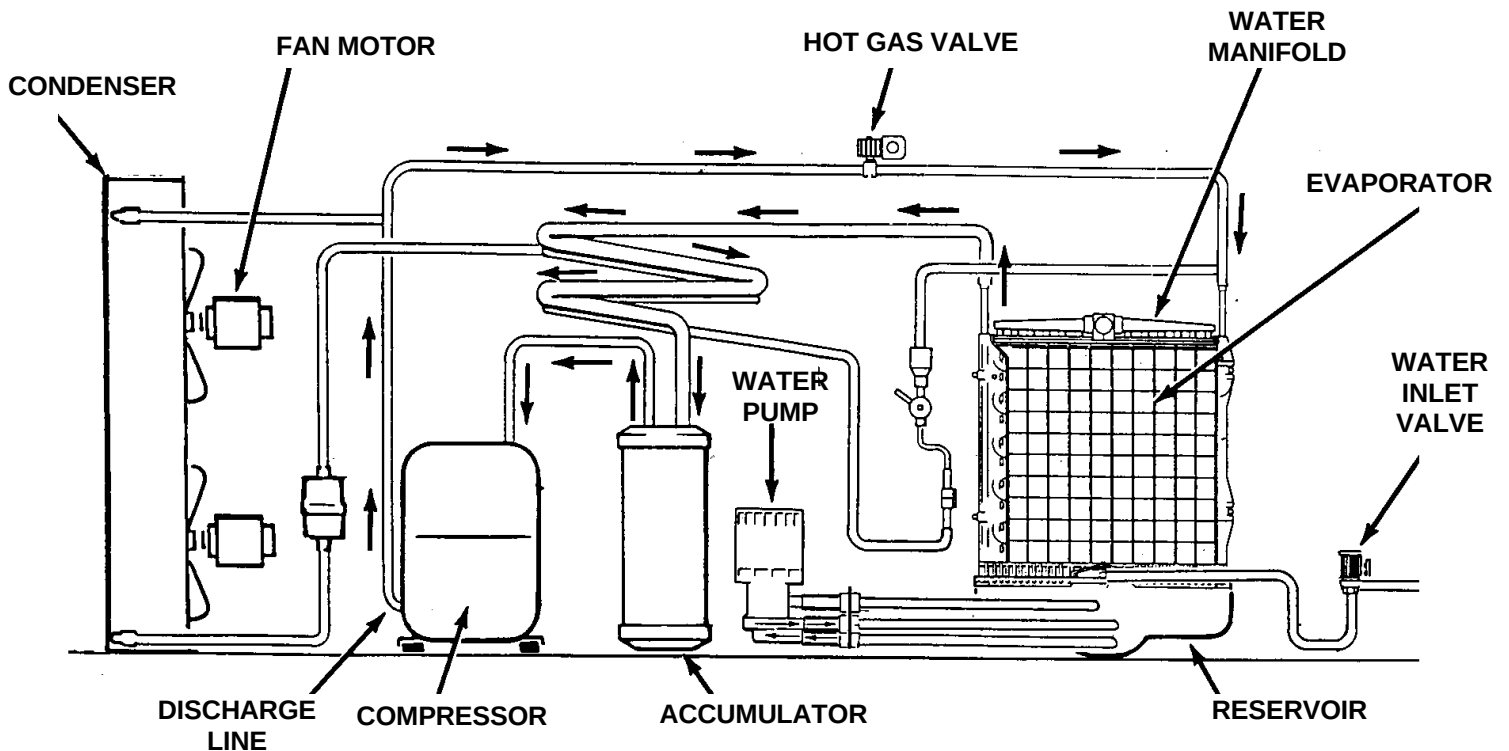
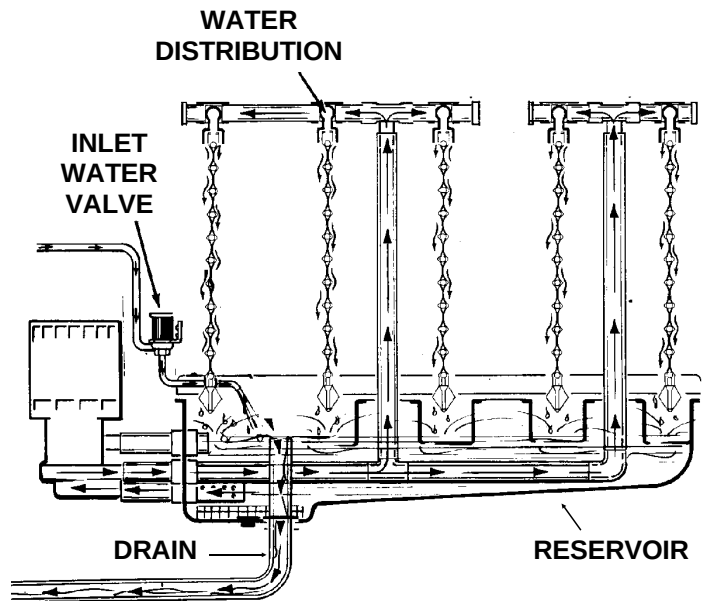
During the freezing cycle, the hot gas solenoid valve and the water inlet solenoid valve are CLOSED. When the ice cubes are partially formed, the cube size control (sensing bulb attached to the suction line) will CLOSE, and connect power to the timer motor. The timer then controls the remainder of the freezing cycle. The timer will keep the icemaker operating in the freezing cycle for a selected length of time. This will give the ice cubes time to fully form. after which, the timer will switch the icemaker into the harvest cycle, through the contacts of the timer assembly microswitch.



HARVEST CYCLE - HOT GAS BYPASS

When the timer switches the icemaker into the harvest cycle, the finish relay is de-energized, and the hot gas valve and inlet water valve OPEN. Then high pressure, high temperature gas refrigerant being discharged from the compressor is diverted from the condenser through the hot gas solenoid valve into each evaporator plate. During this cycle, the refrigerant bypasses the condenser. Both the compressor and the water pump are operating.

The finished ice cubes are released from the sides of each evaporator plate by the warming effect of the hot gas condensing in each evaporator plate and the water cascading over the ice cubes. The released ice cubes drop into the ice storage bin below. At the end of the harvest cycle, the timer cam will push in the microswitch actuator arm. If there is no ice close to the bin level control's transducer, a whole new cycle will begin. If there is ice within 8" of the base of the machine (when the bin level control is set for full) the icemaker will shut OFF.



CMS1202

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Cube Size Control

This reverse acting thermostat controls the length of the freezing cycle. It is sensing the temperature of the suction line. When the suction line gets cold enough, the cube size control closes (on temperature fall) and starts the timer. A change in either ambient air or incoming water temperature will affect the efficiency of the refrigeration system, and this will vary the length of time it takes the evaporator to reach the temperature at which the cube size control is preset to close. See CUBE SIZE ADJUSTMENT BEFORE attempting to adJust the control.

Relay

The multi-function, three pole, double throw, plug-in relay is inserted into a receptacle on the printed circuit board in the control box. The relay functions in part to by-pass the bin thermostat control to prevent the icemaker from shutting OFF, when the bin thermostat opens during the freezing cycle. The bypass action serves to ensure full-sized ice cubes with each harvest cycle and, to prevent short cycling on the bin thermostat control.

Timer - Timer & Switch Assembly

The timer cam is controlled by the cube size control. The outer surface, or large diameter lobe of the timer cam, determines the timer cycle for finish freezing of the ice cubes, while the inner surface, or small diameter lobe, determines the time cycle for the harvest cycle.

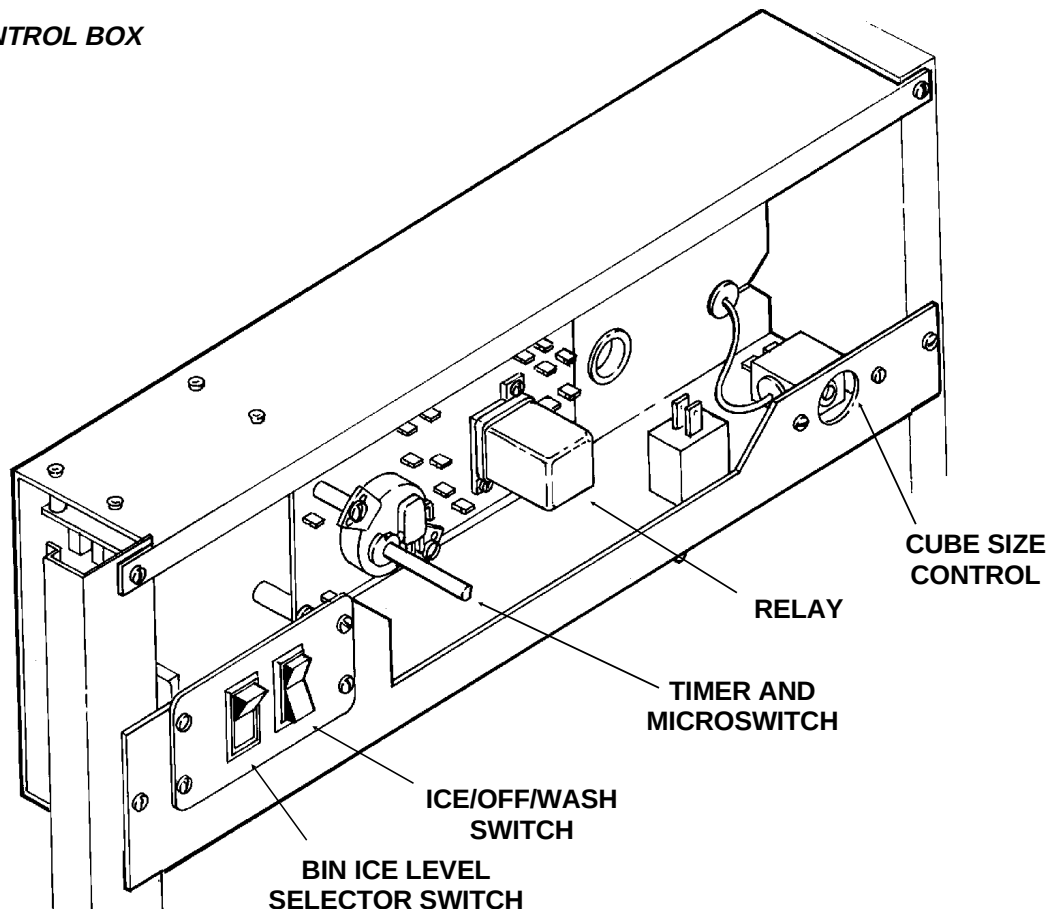
When the microswitch button is pushed in there is power connected to the coil of the relay, and the unit is in the freeze cycle. When the microswitch button is released, the power to the relay is stopped, and the unit goes into harvest. The microswitch is actuated by a cam assembly directly connected to the timer motor.

One complete rotation of the cam will take eight minutes. Harvest is preset at two and one fourth minutes, but is adjustable.

High Pressure Safety Control

This is a manual reset control that shuts down the icemaker, should the discharge pressure ever reach 450 PSIG on air cooled and 350 PSIG on water cooled. Found below the control box.

CONTROL BOX



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

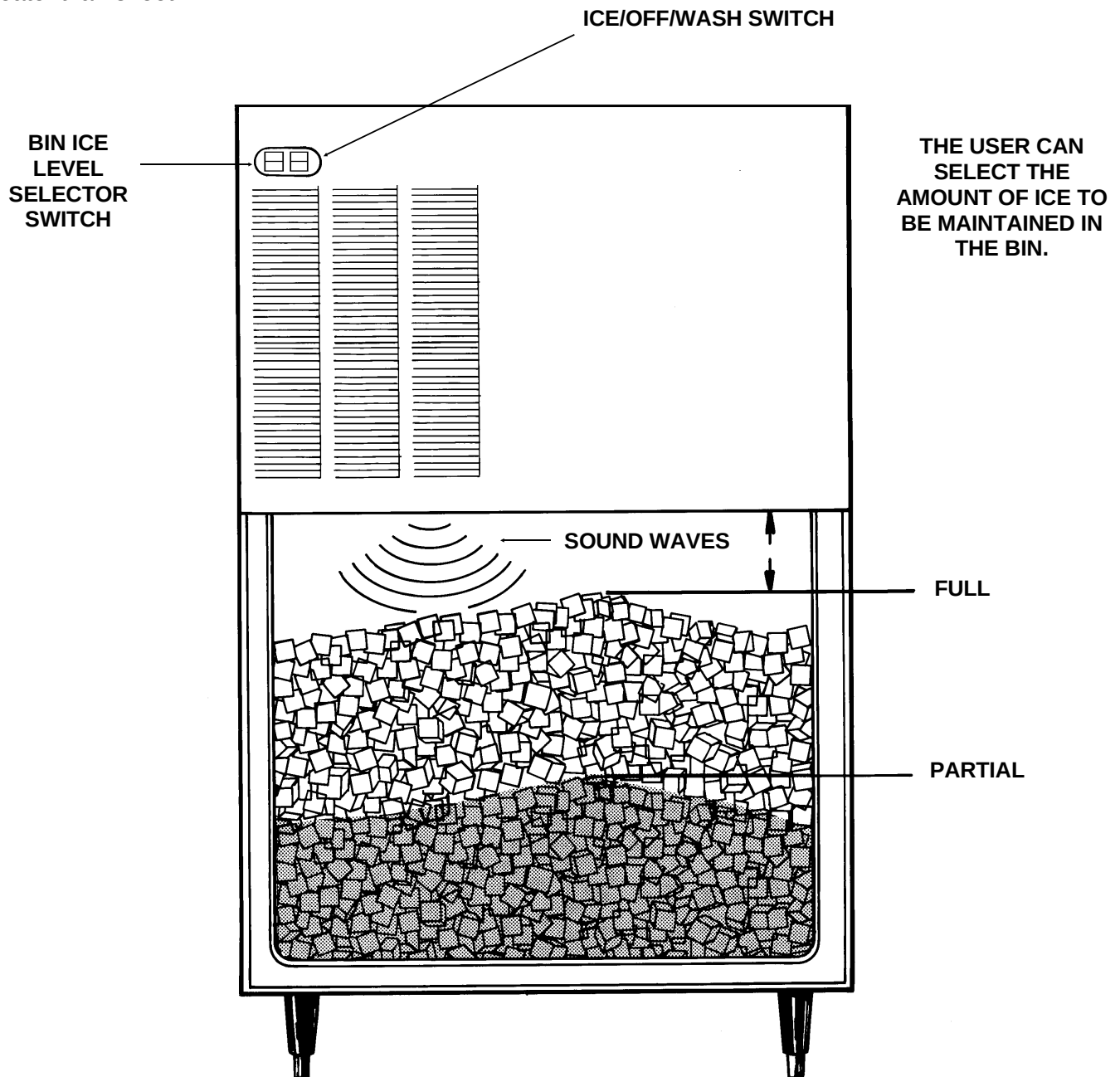
Bin Level Control

This electronic control uses sound waves to measure the distance between the bottom of the ice machine and the top of the ice in the bin. It is designed to control the machine's ice production to maintain that distance.

The control is adjustable so that the ice machine will maintain a certain height of ice. When set at FULL it will not allow the machine to fill the bin any closer to the ice machine than about 8", and it will not work if the distance to the bottom of the bin is greater than 8 feet.

Because it uses sound waves, a slight "ticking" sound can be heard coming from the bottom of the machine.

There are two parts to the control, the circuit board, and the level control switch.



CMS1202

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Water Inlet Solenoid Valve

The water inlet solenoid valve fills the sump assembly with water. Extra water overflows out the overflow standpipe of the sump. This action fills and rinses the sump during each harvest cycle. The flow rate is 1 g.p.m.

Water Regulator Valve - Water Cooled Model

The water regulator valve maintains a constant compressor head pressure, by regulating the amount of inlet water flow through the condenser on water cooled models. The valve operates through the refrigerant system high side pressure. Rotating the adjusting screw, located on top of the valve, can INCREASE or DECREASE the water flow through the water cooled condenser, which in turn, will DECREASE or INCREASE the compressor operating head pressure. It is to be set at 220 PSIG. When installing a replacement water regulator valve, be sure the replacement valve is installed with the arrow positioned in the direction of the water flow.

Water Distribution System

The water distribution system functions to evenly supply water to all cells of the evaporator plates. The water pump pumps water from the sump up the vertical tygon tube to the tee. From there water is channeled through the water manifold to the water distributors, above each evaporator plate, and from six holes within each distributor, water flows to the cells of each side of the evaporator plates. Gravity flow returns the unfrozen excess portion of water to the sump reservoir for recirculation.

Hot Gas Solenoid Valve

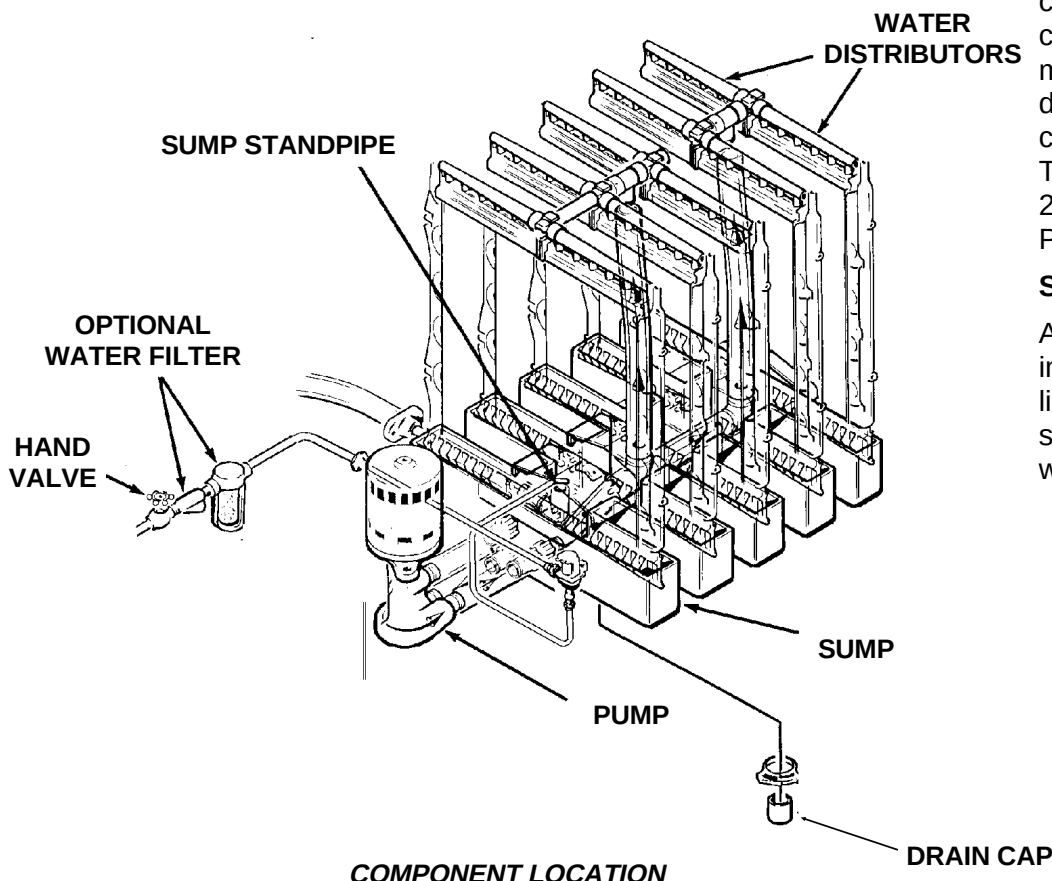
The hot gas solenoid valve opens only during the harvest cycle, to divert the hot discharge gas from the compressor, by passing the condenser and capillary tube, for direct flow to the evaporator plates to release ice cubes from the ice cube molds.

Fan Pressure Control - Air-Cooled Models only.

In both freeze and harvest cycles, the fan pressure control functions to maintain a minimum discharge pressure by cycling the fan on and off. The approximate C.I. is 210 PSIG and C.O. is 193 PSIG.

Strainer

A water strainer is located in the potable inlet water line before the water inlet solenoid valve. Clean the water strainer frequently.



CLEANING

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 A Scotsman Ice System represents a sizable investment of time and money in any company's business. In order to receive the best return for that investment, it **MUST** receive periodic maintenance.

Maintenance and Cleaning should be scheduled at a minimum of twice per year.

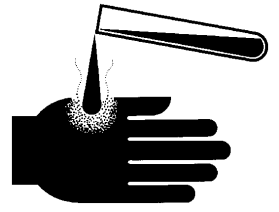
CLEANING: ICEMAKER

1. Remove screws and the front panel.
2. Switch the compressor switch to OFF. Switch

	⚠ WARNING Electrical Shock Hazard. Electrical shock can cause personal injury. Cleaning procedures are done with the power ON.
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the WASH/OFF/ICE switch to OFF.

3. Remove the control box cover, and rotate the shaft of the timer and switch assembly **CLOCKWISE** advancing to the freezing cycle. (Beginning of the higher part of the cam against the microswitch).
4. Open the ice storage bin door and empty the bin of ice.
5. Remove the hose clamp, rubber cap and drain all the water from the sump assembly into a container.
 Replace the rubber cap and hose clamp.
6. Mix 24 ounces of Scotsman Ice Machine Cleaner with 2 gallons of warm (95°F. - 115°F.) water.

⚠ WARNING 	Scotsman Ice Machine Cleaner contains acids. These compounds may cause burns. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give large amounts of water or milk. Call Physician immediately. In case of external contact, flush with water. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.
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7. Pour the cleaning solution into the reservoir until full.

8. Move the WASH/OFF/ICE switch to the WASH position.

9. Let the unit operate for 30 minutes.

During the wash cycle, if the machine runs out of solution, mix 2 more gallons of solution per step 6, refill the sump and continue the wash cycle for the remainder of the 30 minutes.

10. Move the WASH/OFF/ICE switch to the OFF position.

11. Remove the reservoir drain cap and drain the cleaning solution from the sump. Replace the drain cap.

12. Rotate the shaft of the timer and switch assembly **CLOCKWISE** to the harvest position (low part of the cam against microswitch). Move the WASH/OFF/ICE switch to the ICE position to start the Harvest cycle.

If, after completing this procedure, one or more evaporator plates does not have a full flow of water for each vertical column of cubes, shut down the operation and remove and clean all water distributor manifolds. Reinstall the water distributor manifolds.

Note: This ice making portion of the water system should be sanitized after cleaning by repeating steps 2-12, except substitute an approved sanitizing solution for the cleaning solution.

13. Move the compressor ON-OFF switch to the ON position to start the icemaking process.

////////////////////////////////////**CAUTION**////////////////////////////////////

DO NOT use ice produced from the cleaning solution. Be sure none remains in the bin.

14. Check the next ice cube harvest to be sure that the ice cubes are clear and the acid taste is gone.

15. Add hot water to the bin to melt the ice.

16. Replace all panels.

CMS1202

CLEANING

AIR COOLED CONDENSER

1. Disconnect electrical power.

⚠ WARNING

The fan blade can cause personal injury. Disconnect power before beginning to clean condenser.

2. Remove front panel.
3. Clean or replace the air filter.
4. Check to see that the inside of the condenser is clean; light should be visible through the fins. If not clean the internal parts by vacuum, pressure washer and/or coil cleaner.

ICE STORAGE BIN

The interior liner of the bin is in contact with a **food** product: **ice**. The storage bin must be **cleaned** regularly to maintain a **sanitary** environment. Once a week cleaning with soap and water, a hot water rinse and an air dry is a **basic** procedure.

Scale that may form on the plastic liner can be removed by scrubbing the surface with a mixture of Scotsman Ice Machine Cleaner and hot water. Remove any scale prior to sanitizing.

Note: Some ice storage bins have stainless steel liners. They may become stained from chlorine gases released from the water. These stains must be removed by regular cleaning to prevent pitting of the metal liner. To prevent the staining, an activated charcoal water filter should be added to the ice machine's incoming water supply line; activated charcoal removes the chlorine. This may require more frequent sanitation.

⚠ WARNING

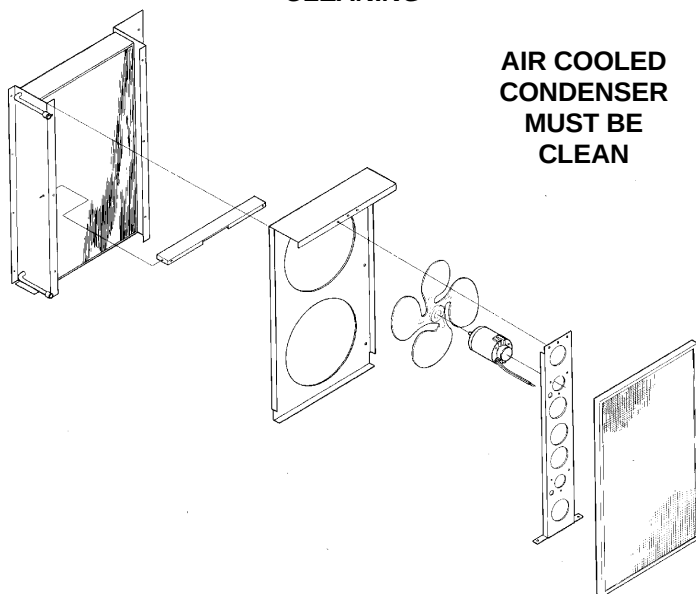


Scotsman Ice Machine Cleaner contains acids. These compounds may cause burns.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give large amounts of water or milk. Call Physician immediately. In case of external contact, flush with water.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

CLEANING



ER

To Remove Scale:

1. Mix a cleaning solution of 4 ounces of Scotsman Ice Machine Cleaner to 4 pints of hot (95°F. to 110°F.) water.
2. Using rubber gloves, dip a nylon scouring pad into the cleaning solution, and scrub the scale off of the liner.
3. After all the scale has been removed, rinse all of the surfaces inside the bin with clean, potable water.

To sanitize the bin and ice machine interior.

Use an approved sanitizer and follow the directions and warnings of that sanitizer or use the following instructions for use of household bleach, if it meets local codes:

1. Mix a sanitizing solution of 1 ounce of household bleach to 2 gallons of water.
2. Using clean rubber gloves and a clean cloth, wipe all interior surfaces of the ice machine and ice storage bin with the sanitizing solution. Immerse any small parts in the sanitizing solution and wash the parts, flushing the solution thoroughly in, over and through all parts and surfaces of the parts being cleaned.
3. Allow to air dry.

ADJUSTMENTS

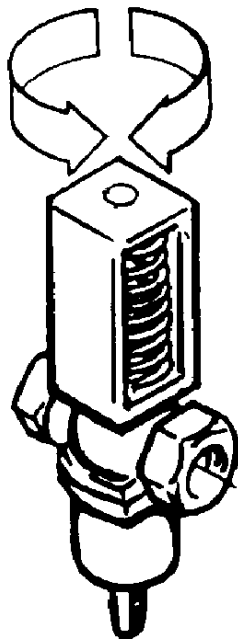
Adjustment Of The Water Regulator Assembly - Water-cooled Models

The correct compressor head pressure on water cooled models is 220 PSIG. Adjusting the water regulator valve increases or decreases the rate of flow of water, through the water cooled condenser; which increases or decreases the affected temperature/pressure of the compressor head pressure, INCREASED water flow, results in DECREASED or LOWER head pressure; while, DECREASED water flow, results in INCREASED or Higher head pressure.

To adjust the water regulator assembly:

To INCREASE the head pressure, rotate the adjusting screw COUNTER Clockwise.

To DECREASE the head pressure, rotate the adjusting screw Clockwise. Check change in compressor head pressure, and repeat adjustment as necessary, to achieve desired operating head pressure.



**ADJUSTMENT OF THE WATER
REGULATING VALVE**

Adjustment Of The Cube Size Control

//////////CAUTION//////////

BEFORE adjusting the cube size control, check other possible causes for cube size problems, refer to Service Diagnosis section. DO NOT perform adjustment when a new cube size control is installed until the control bulb has been properly installed in the tube well, and the icemaker has been through a complete freezing and harvest cycle.

//////////

Adjustment of the cube size control is available to change the cubes to the correct size, see INITIAL START UP.

To produce LARGER sized ice cubes:

1. Locate the cube size control, on the front of the control box.
2. Rotate the adjusting knob one-eighth of a turn Clockwise.
3. Observe size of ice cubes in next ice cube harvest and, if needed, repeat step 2 above until correct ice cube size is achieved.

To produce SMALLER sized ice cubes:

1. Locate the cube size control, on the front of the control box.
2. Rotate the adjusting knob one-eighth of a turn COUNTER Clockwise.
3. Observe size of ice cubes in next ice cube harvest and, if needed, adjust again until correct ice cube size is achieved.

CMS1202

ADJUSTMENTS

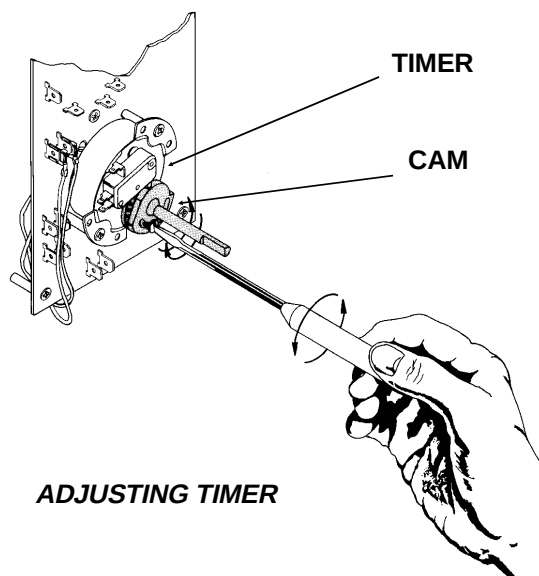
Adjustment Of The Timer & Switch Assembly

⚠ WARNING	Electrcial power present in the control box can cause personal injury.
	Disconnect power before begining to adjust timer.

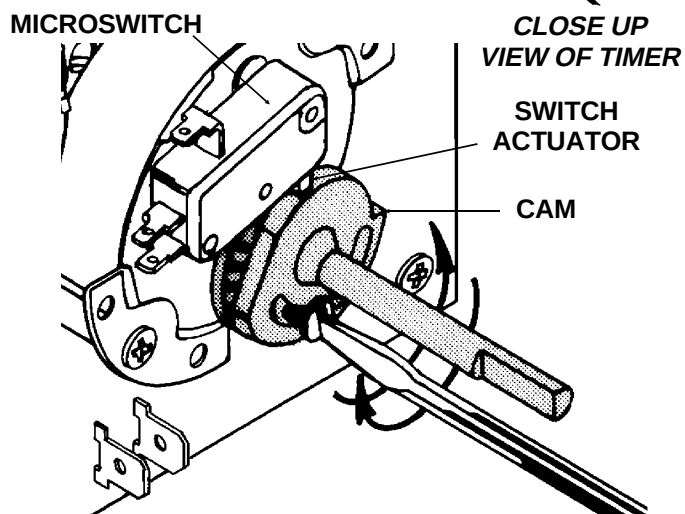
One complete revolution of the cam on the timer takes eight minutes. The normal setting is two and one-quarter minutes, as set at the factory. It is important that the length of the harvest cycle allow enough time for all the ice cubes to fall from the evaporator. Too short of a time will cause the evaporator to freeze up and stop ejecting ice into the bin. Too much time wastes icemaking capacity, energy and water. Adjustment of the harvest cycle may require a corresponding adjustment of the cube size control. Rotating the shaft of the timer cam clockwise will allow putting the machine into either the freezing cycle or harvest cycle, as required in the cleaning instructions.

To Adjust The Timer & Switch Assembly:

The length of the harvest cycle can be changed by loosening the set screw on the cam, and then rotating the shaft so that the opening between the cams change. More of an opening between the cams = more harvest time.



ADJUSTING TIMER



SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

The following numbers can be used as a guideline when servicing the CMS1202. There will be some variation from unit to unit, so allow for that.

COMPONENTS:

Timer, 1 revolution of the cam takes 8 minutes, harvest time is factory set at 3 ½ minutes, but is adjustable.

Inlet water valve, water flow in g.p.m. = 1

	CUT IN	CUT OUT
Cube size control, reverse acting temperature range	(0°F. to +25°F.)	
High pressure safety, (air cooled)	Manual	450
High pressure safety, (water cooled)	Manual	350
Fan Pressure Switch	210	193

Bin or Ice level Control

Maximum Full Height: 8" from the base of the ice machine.

Partial Fill Setting: 21" - 22" from the base of the ice machine.

Maximum Storage Bin Interior Height: 8' from the base of the ice machine

CHARACTERISTICS: This machine uses R22.

AIR COOLED

Freeze cycle

Average Discharge Pressure at: 90°/70° 280-240 PSIG

Average Suction Pressure at the end of Freeze: 22-20 PSIG

Average Freeze cycle time 17 minutes

Average Amps 13 (single phase) 7.8 (3 phase)

Harvest Cycle

Average Discharge Pressure at: 90°/70° 120-130 PSIG

Average Suction Pressure during harvest 70-75 PSIG

Average Harvest Time: 2.25 minutes

Average Amps 19 (single phase)

WATER COOLED

Freeze cycle

Average Discharge Pressure at: 90°/70° 225

Average Suction Pressure at the end of Freeze: 20-2

Average Freeze cycle time 17

Average Amps 10 (single phase) 7 (three phase)

Harvest Cycle

Average Discharge Pressure at: 90°/70° 120-130 PSIG

Average Suction Pressure during harvest 75-85 PSIG

Average Harvest Time: 2.25 minutes

Average Amps 16 (single phase)

CMS1202

SERVICE DIAGNOSIS: Electrical and/or Adjustments

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE FIX
Nothing operates	Bin level control holding machine off	Bin is full - use some ice. Check ice level control circuit, see page 22.
	No Power	Reconnect power
	High pressure control open	Reset, check machine
	High temperature cut out open	Hot gas valve leaks thru, replace
	P. C. Board Open	Replace board
	Master switch open	Test/replace
	Timer contacts open	Replace timer
Makes thick ice/freezes up	Harvest cycle too short	Adjust timer
	Water inlet valve restricted	Clean or replace valve
	Low water pressure	Check water filter or supply
	Hot gas valve defective	Replace hot gas valve
	Water reg. valve (water cooled) leaks through	Replace water reg. valve
	Low refrigerant charge	Locate leak, repair, replace drier, evacuate and weigh in nameplate charge.
	Air intake temperature too high (air cooled)	Reduce room temperature
	Sump covers out of position	Re-position sump covers
	Cubes too small	Adjust cube size
	Cube size control stuck open	Replace cube size control
Runs, makes no ice	Pump problem or water leak in reservoir	Check water system and pump
	Water inlet valve either lets in no water or leaks through	Replace inlet water valve
	Low refrigerant charge	Locate leak, repair, replace drier, evacuate and weigh in nameplate charge.
	Timer stuck	Replace timer
	Relay does not energize; unit stuck in harvest	Replace relay
Long freeze cycle	Water inlet valve leaks through	Replace inlet water valve
	Dirty condenser	Clean condenser
	Air intake temp. too high	Reduce room temperature
	Water temperature too high	Advise user
Cubes too small	Cube size set wrong	adjust cube size
	Cubes size control stuck closed	Replace cube size control
Cubes too large	Water inlet valve leaks through	Replace inlet water valve and adjust cube size control

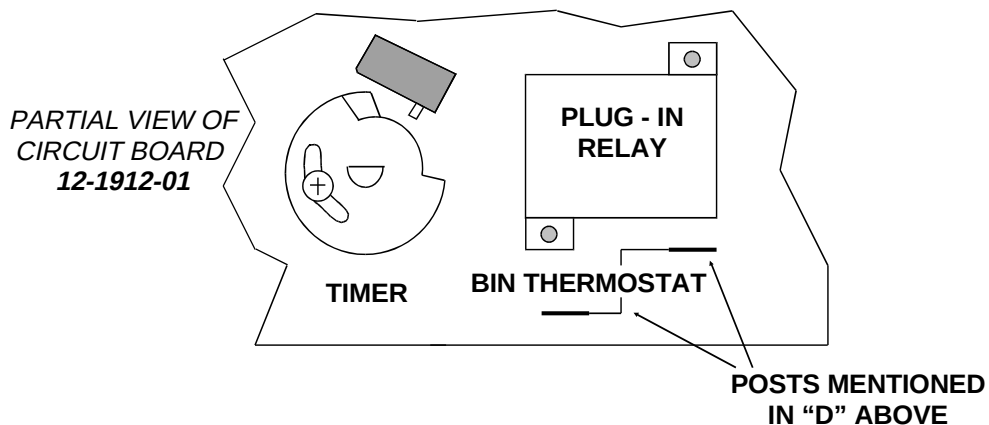
SERVICE DIAGNOSIS: Refrigeration and/or Mechanical

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE FIX
Poor harvest	Too short harvest time	Check and adjust harvest time
	Restriction of incoming water	Check supply, filter, strainer and valve
	Hot gas valve does not open	Check for power to the coil, check for not opening, replace
	Not enough refrigerant	Locate leak, repair, replace drier, evacuate and weigh in nameplate charge.
	Cube size too small	Adjust with cube size control
Unit cycles off during freeze or harvest	Hi temperature switch opens and closes	Hot gas valve leaks thru, replace it
	Loose connection on PC board	Check and replace P C board
Low capacity	High head pressure, from dirty condenser, faulty fan motor, or fan control	Clean condenser, repair fan motor or control
	Non condensable gas in the system	Purge system, evacuate and weigh in nameplate charge
	Poor air circulation or extreme hot location	Relocate the cabinet; or provide ventilation
	Overcharge of refrigerant	Evacuate and weigh in nameplate charge
	Cube size too big, unit runs out of water before harvest	Adjust cube size control
	Inlet water valve leaks thru	Replace valve
	Hot gas valve leaks thru	At the end of the freeze cycle there should be frost on the evaporator end of the hot gas tubes, if not replace the hot gas valve
Unit runs out of water	Reservoir leaks	Repair leak
	Inlet water valve restricted	Clean or replace valve
	Short harvest cycle	Adjust timer
	Water pressure too low	Check supply
Unit shuts off before bin is full	Something blocking transducer	Remove blockage
	Transducer is wet	Remove transducer and shake screen dry.
	Control set on partial	Set control to full.
Unit does not shut off	Ice level control failure	Check circuit, see next page.
	Timer stuck; does not turn	Replace timer

CMS1202

SERVICE DIAGNOSIS: Ice Level Control Circuit

CONDITION	DETERMINE CAUSE	PROBABLE CORRECTION
Ice Machine does not run, it has power to it, the high pressure control is closed, the on/off switch is set to ON.	A. Listen for a ticking sound from transducer.	If no noise, go to C. If there is a noise, check for a light on the board (models built after 4/93). If there is a light on, check relay contacts N.O. and COM. The contacts should be CLOSED. If closed, go to D. If not, replace the board. If light is off, or prior model, go to B.
	B. Open bin door and twist transducer 1/4 turn and pull out. DO NOT UNPLUG with power connected. Examine the transducer, the inside must be clean and dry.	If the inside of the transducer (above screen) was wet, replace it. Set bin level to FULL and aim at an object about 1-3 feet away. Machine should restart, if not go to D.
	C. Check power to bin level control board.	Should be 12 volts from transformer, if not replace transformer. If there is power go to D.
	D. Disconnect electrical power and test ice machine circuit by attaching a jumper wire between bin thermostat posts on circuit board part no. 12-1912-01 (the circuit board with the timer on it). Reconnect power.	If machine does not start go back to machine circuit. If machine starts, disconnect electrical power, remove jumper wire and reconnect electrical power. Then go to E.
	E. Transducer or ice level board assembly defective.	Replace transducer. Set bin level to FULL and aim at an object about 1-3 feet away. Machine should restart. If this does not repair unit, replace the board.
Machine runs, makes ice, switches on and off, but ice level cannot be controlled.	Ice level switch may be defective. On boards with a light, check by moving switch & watching light.	Replace ice level switch
Machine runs, but will not shut off.	Board relay stuck closed. Check relay.	If COM and N.O. are closed when power is off, replace board. If open, go to B above.



⚠ WARNING

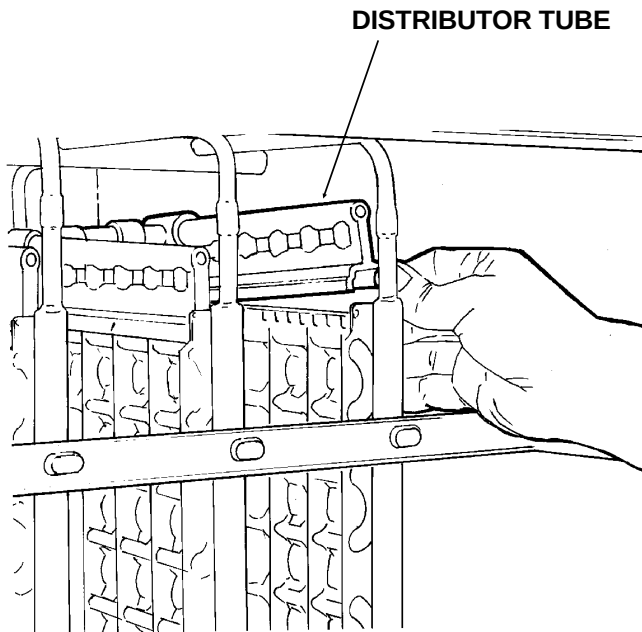
Electrical Shock Hazard
Can Cause Personal Injury.
Disconnect Power Before
Servicing.
Bin Thermostat Posts at
Line Voltage.

REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

Water Distributor Tubes And Manifold Tubes

To remove the water distributor tube and manifold tube:

1. Remove the front panel.
2. Slide the water distributor tube to the front about 1/8-inch along the top of the evaporator plate, until the water distributor tube can be unsnapped from the flexible notch and lifted upward.



3. Unsnap and disconnect water distributor tubes from the water manifold section. To replace the water distributor tubes and manifold tubes, reverse the removal procedure. BE SURE the notches in the water manifold tubes properly engage the alignment keys in the tee. BE SURE the water distributor tube is securely fastened at the notch at both sides of the evaporator plate. Check identical attachment for the left water distributor tube and notch; also, that the distributor/manifold connections at the top center of each evaporator plate is snug against the top of the plate.

Cube Size Control

To remove the cube size control:

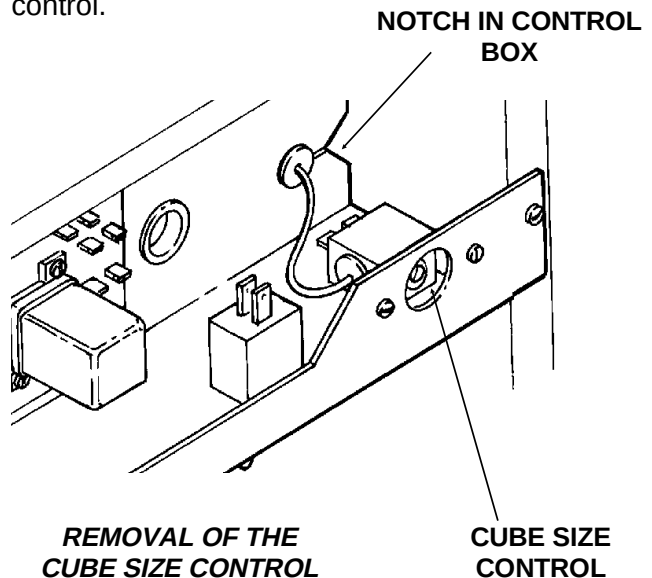
⚠ WARNING



Electrical Shock Hazard.

Electrical shock can cause personal injury. Disconnect power before beginning to service components

1. Remove front panel.
2. Remove cover from control box.
3. Trace capillary tube, from the cube size control to the refrigerant suction line.
4. Remove the coiled capillary tube bulb from the tube well on the suction line.
5. Remove electrical leads from the cube size control.



6. Remove screws and pull the capillary tube through the notch in the back of the control box. Remove the cube size control. To replace the cube size control, reverse the removal procedure.

CMS1202

REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

⚠ WARNING



Electrical Shock Hazard.

Electrical shock can cause personal injury.

Disconnect power before beginning to service components

Water Pump

1. Remove front panel.
2. Unplug water pump electrical connection.
3. Drain water reservoir.
4. Use corbin clamp pliers to loosen and slide corbin clamps on hoses away from pump.
5. Remove screws retaining pump to bracket.
6. Pull pump out of ice machine.
7. Reverse to reassemble.
8. Replace front panel.
8. Reconnect electrical power.

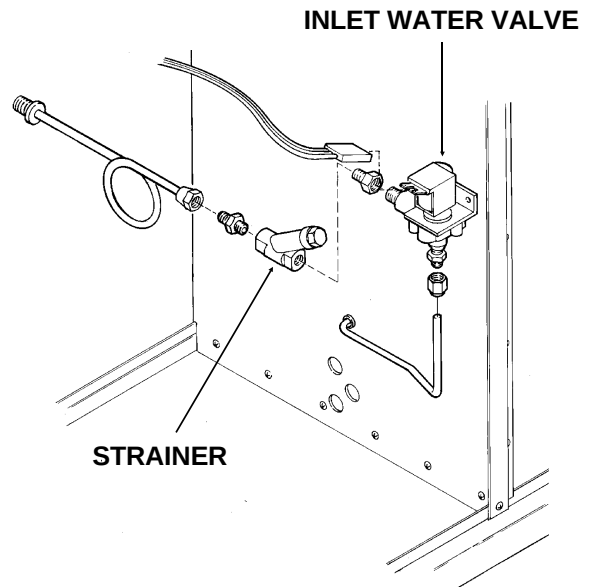
Transducer

1. Disconnect electrical power BEFORE removing transducer.
2. Remove front panel, and locate transducer near the back of the cabinet.
3. Twist inner portion of transducer counter-clockwise and pull up gently.
4. Unplug transducer and remove from the machine.
5. Reverse steps 1-5 to reassemble.

Inlet Water Solenoid Valve Assembly

To remove the inlet water solenoid valve assembly:

1. Shut OFF water supply to machine.
2. Loosen and remove outlet water line from the inlet water solenoid valve assembly.



3. Remove screws and pull the water solenoid valve out to gain access.
4. Pull electrical cord from solenoid coil terminals.
5. Remove inlet water fitting from the water solenoid valve. To replace the inlet water valve assembly, reverse the removal procedures.

Bin Ice Level Control Circuit Board

1. Disconnect Electrical Power before removing circuit board.
2. Remove front panel.
3. Remove control box cover.
4. Remove wires from circuit board connections.
5. Unlock circuit board fasteners by twisting 1/2 turn.
6. Pull circuit board off fastener posts.
7. Reverse to reassemble, refer to wiring diagram as needed.