



## INSTALLATION

These units can be installed in either upflow or downflow configurations. Before installation, there are several performance requirements that must be considered because poor installation can negatively alter performance. This section will briefly discuss those factors.

### TXV

A thermal expansion valve is utilized in this coil design to optimize performance and comfort throughout the entire operating range of the system. Special attention needs to be taken to the TXV when installing the coil

- Do not overheat valve. Temperatures that exceed 212°F (100°C) can harm valve performance. Use a wet cloth or heat sink when brazing.
- Place filter dryer near ID unit to reduce the risk of debris clogging the valve.
- Make sure TXV bulb is securely fastened and wrapped in the indentation on heater tube.

### CNPVU Models:

These coils have a factory-installed hard-shutoff TXV designed only for use with R-410A refrigerant. Use only with outdoor units designed for R-410A.

### CNRVU Models:

These coils have a factory-installed hard-shutoff TXV designed only for use with R-22 refrigerant. Use only with outdoor units designed for R-22.

**NOTE:** All TXVs have preset superheat settings and are not field-adjustable.

### Airflow

Airflow amount and distribution are vital to adequate system performance. Problems that can be experienced with incorrect airflow include:

- low system performance
- restricted TXV
- frosted coil
- poor humidity control
- water blow-off

When attaching the coil and building the plenum, pay special attention to the effect these details will have on airflow. After system start-up, check the cfm to insure that it is correct. (Generally, the cfm should be 350 to 400 cfm/ton during normal cooling operation.)

### Condensate Management

With proper installation, these coils will manage the condensate without blow-off into the duct work. See detailed instructions for more info.

### Procedure 1 — Inspect Equipment

File claim with shipper if equipment is damaged.

The following parts are included with this coil (See Fig. 1), depending on your application different components will be required.

COMPONENT	QUANTITY
Support Rails	2
Collar	1
Header Plate	1
Grommets	2
Extension Air Baffles	2

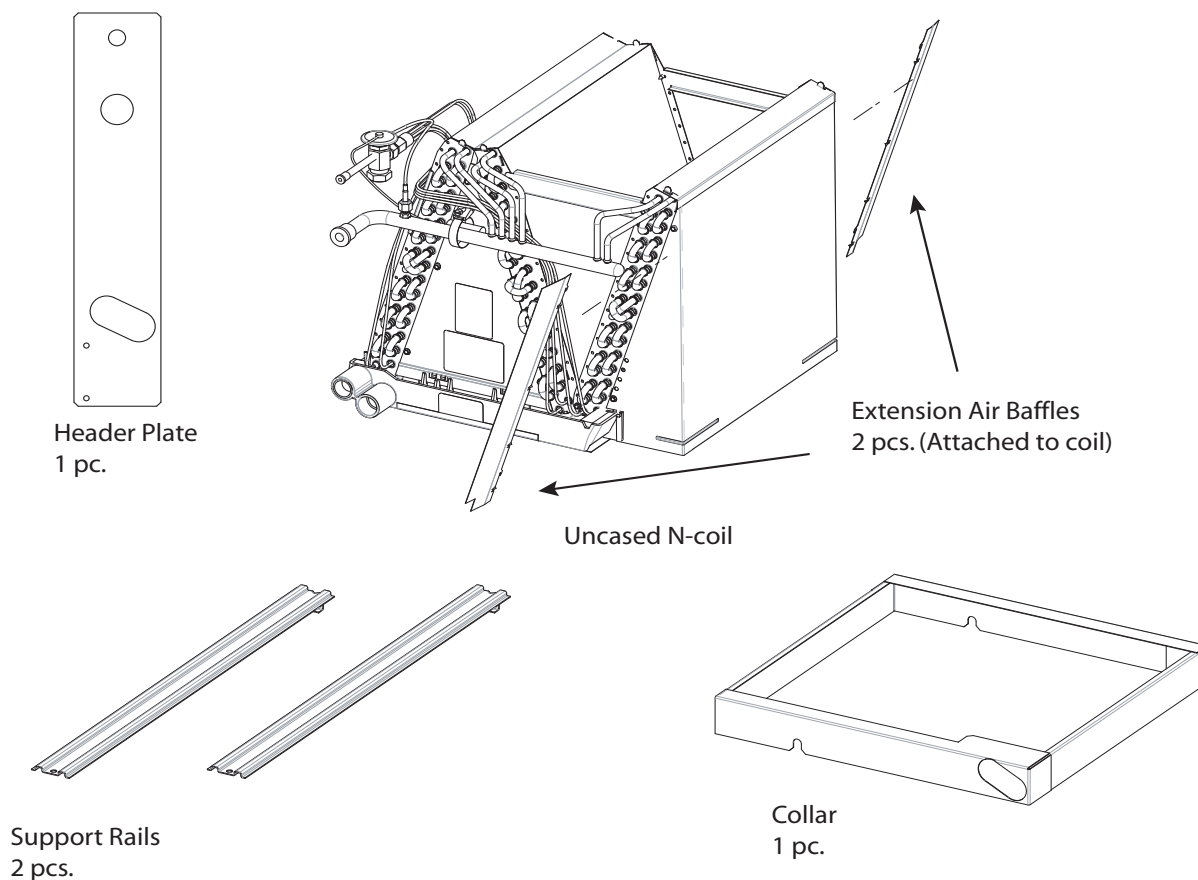


Fig. 1 – Uncased N-Coil Components

## Procedure 2 — Select Installation

Select and follow the installation instruction that best suits your needs:

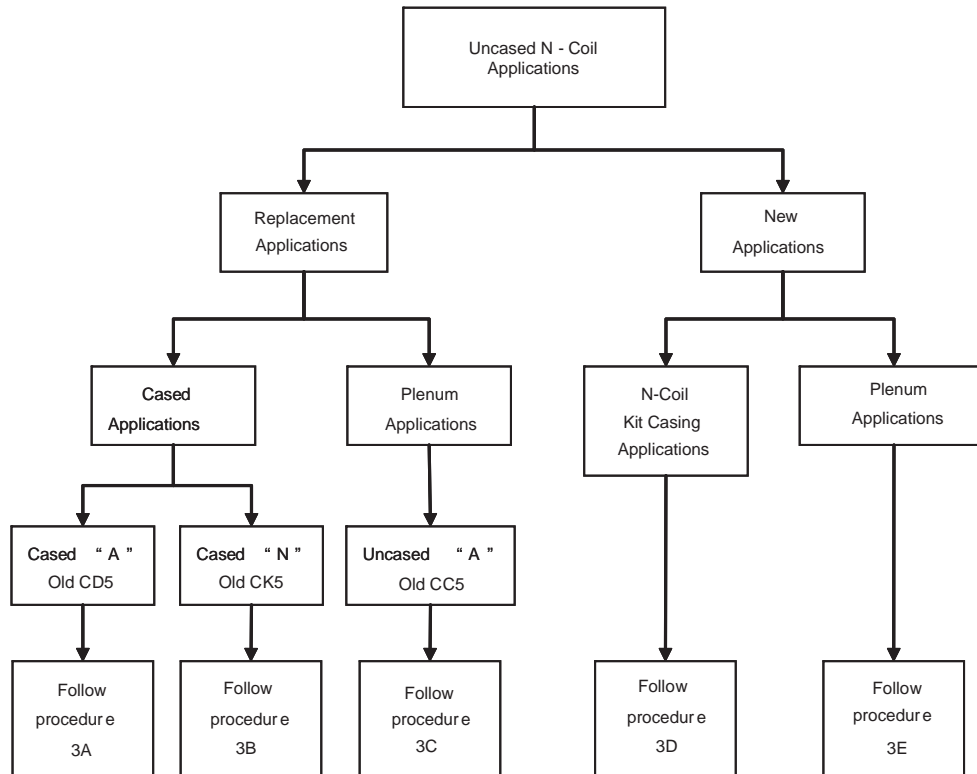


Fig. 2 – Uncased N-Coil Applications

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Table 1 – CNP VU Uncased Coil Information

MODEL NUMBER	TONNAGE	COIL SIZE (IN.)		COLLAR SIZE (IN.)		COIL CONNECTION TUBE SIZE (IN.)		KIT CASING Model #
		Depth	Width	Depth	Width	Liquid	Suction	
CNPVU1814A(C,T,L)A	1-1/2	19-1/8	13-1/2	19-3/8	12-7/8	3/8	5/8	KCAKC2601ECC
CNPVU1917A(C,T,L)A	1-1/2	19-1/8	16-3/4	19-3/8	16-1/4	3/8	3/4	KCAKC3001ECC
CNPVU2414A(C,T,L)A	2	19-1/8	13-1/2	19-3/8	12-7/8	3/8	5/8	KCAKC2601ECC
CNPVU2417A(C,T,L)A	2	19-1/8	16-7/8	19-3/8	16-1/4	3/8	5/8	KCAKC2701ECC
CNPVU3014A(C,T,L)A	2-1/2	19-1/8	13-1/2	19-3/8	12-7/8	3/8	3/4	KCAKC2601ECC
CNPVU3017A(C,T,L)A	2-1/2	19-1/8	16-7/8	19-3/8	16-1/4	3/8	3/4	KCAKC2701ECC
CNPVU3117A(C,T,L)A	2-1/2	19-1/8	16-3/4	19-3/8	16-1/4	3/8	3/4	KCAKC3101ECC
CNPVU3617A(C,T,L)A	3	19-1/8	16-7/8	19-3/8	16-1/4	3/8	3/4	KCAKC2701ECC
CNPVU3621A(C,T,L)A	3	19-1/8	20-1/4	19-3/8	19-5/8	3/8	3/4	KCAKC2801ECC
CNPVU37171A(C,T,L)A	3	19-1/8	16-3/4	19-3/8	16-1/4	3/8	7/8	KCAKC3201ECC
CNPVU4221A(C,T,L)A	3-1/2	19-1/8	20-1/4	19-3/8	19-5/8	3/8	7/8	KCAKC2801ECC
CNPVU4324A(C,T,L)A	3-1/2	19-1/8	23-3/4	19-3/8	23-1/8	3/8	7/8	KCAKC3301ECC
CNPVU4821A(C,T,L)A	4	19-1/8	20-1/4	19-3/8	19-5/8	3/8	7/8	KCAKC2801ECC
CNPVU4824A(C,T,L)A	4	19-1/8	23-3/4	19-3/8	23-1/8	3/8	7/8	KCAKC2901ECC
CNPVU6024A(C,T,L)A	5	19-1/8	23-3/4	19-3/8	23-1/8	3/8	7/8	KCAKC2901ECC
CNPVU6124A(C,T,L)A	5	19-1/8	23-3/4	19-3/8	23-1/8	3/8	7/8	KCAKC3401ECC

Table 2 – CNRVU Uncased Coil Information

MODEL NUMBER	TONNAGE	COIL SIZE (IN.)		COLLAR SIZE (IN.)		COIL CONNECTION TUBE SIZE (IN.)		KIT CASING Model #
		Depth	Width	Depth	Width	Liquid	Suction	
CNRVU1814A(T,L)A	1-1/2	19-1/8	12-1/4	19-3/8	12-1/2	3/8	5/8	KCAKC2601ECC
CNRVU2414A(T,L)A	2	19-1/8	12-5/16	19-3/8	12-9/16	3/8	5/8	KCAKC2601ECC
CNRVU2417A(T,L)A	2	19-1/8	16-7/8	19-3/8	16-1/4	3/8	5/8	KCAKC2701ECC
CNRVU3014A(T,L)A	2-1/2	19-1/8	12-5/16	19-3/8	12-5/8	3/8	3/4	KCAKC2601ECC
CNRVU3017A(T,L)A	2-1/2	19-1/8	16-7/8	19-3/8	16-1/4	3/8	3/4	KCAKC2701ECC
CNRVU3617A(T,L)A	3	19-1/8	15-5/8	19-3/8	15-15/16	3/8	3/4	KCAKC2701ECC
CNRVU3621A(T,L)A	3	19-1/8	20-1/4	19-3/8	19-5/8	3/8	3/4	KCAKC2801ECC
CNRVU4221A(T,L)A	3-1/2	19-1/8	19	19-3/8	19-5/16	3/8	7/8	KCAKC2801ECC
CNRVU4821A(T,L)A	4	19-1/8	19	19-3/8	19-5/16	3/8	7/8	KCAKC2801ECC
CNRVU4824A(T,L)A	4	19-1/8	23-3/4	19-3/8	23-1/8	3/8	7/8	KCAKC2901ECC
CNRVU6024A(T,L)A	5	19-1/8	22-5/8	19-3/8	22-7/8	3/8	7/8	KCAKC2901ECC

For the 11th digit position in the model number; C = standard copper, L = Aluminum and T = tin-plated copper

See Table 1 and 2 for dimensions and overhang options. Note instructions for placement of coil casing on furnace.

For **replacement** applications using an existing CD5 coil assembly follow Procedure 3A.

For **replacement** applications using an existing CK5 coil assembly follow Procedure 3B.

For **replacement** applications using an existing uncased A-coil plenum installation follow Procedure 3C.

For **new** applications using a KCAKC N-coil kit casing follow Procedure 3D.

For **new** applications using a field-fabricated plenum installation follow Procedure 3E.

### Procedure 3 — Installation of Evaporator Coil

**⚠ CAUTION**

**UNIT OR PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in product or property damage.

Take precautions to ensure that aluminum tubes do not come in direct contact or allow for condensate runoff with dissimilar metal. Dissimilar metals can cause galvanic corrosion and possible premature failure.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**CUT HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing and gloves when handling parts.

#### 3A. Upflow and downflow applications using an existing CD5 coil casing.

1. Remove and keep front access and tubing header panel.
2. Remove old A-coil from casing and discard coil.
3. Remove the two internal side channels from existing casing by removing 4 screws each side (see Fig.3, recommended procedure). When screws cannot be reached, cut top and bottom portions of the channels as indicated in Fig. 4.

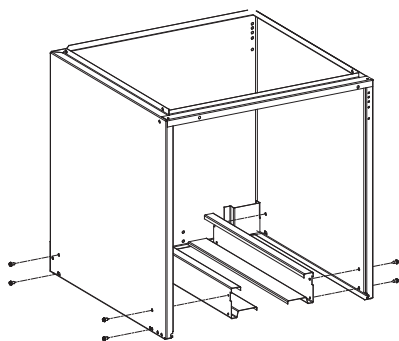


Fig. 3 – Channels Removal

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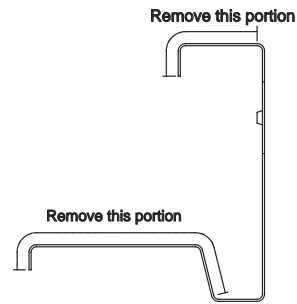


Fig. 4 – Channel Cutting

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4. Place the two **support rails** in the sides of the casing and the **collar** as indicated in Fig. 5 & 6.

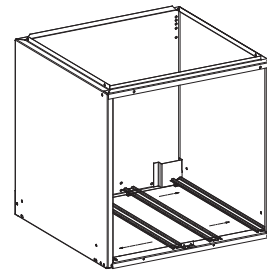


Fig. 5 – Support Rails Installation

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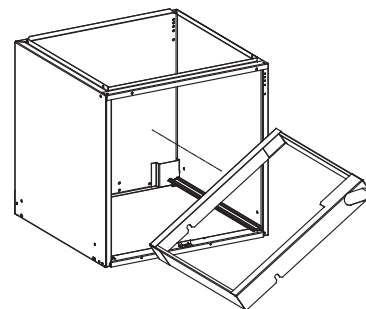


Fig. 6 – Collar Installation

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**IMPORTANT:** Insure that **collar** is level for proper drainage.

5. Slide new N-coil on top of **collar**. See Fig. 7 & 8.

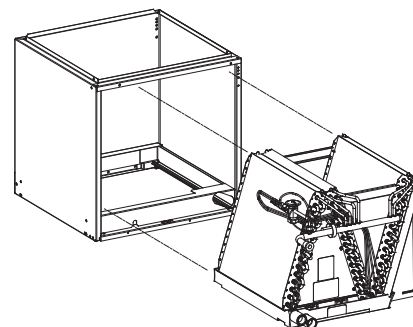
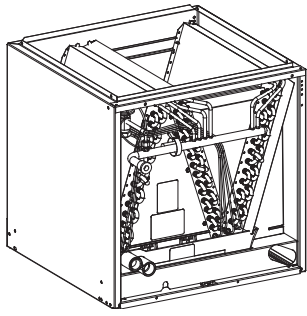


Fig. 7 – Uncased N-Coil Installation

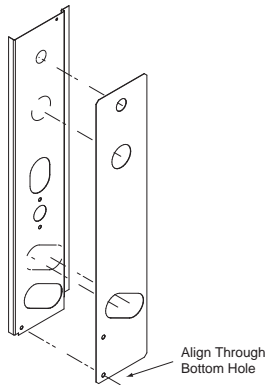
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**Fig. 8 – Uncased N-Coil & CD5 Casing**

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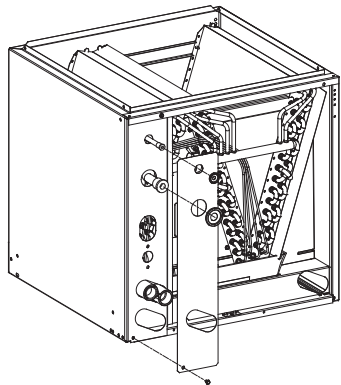
- Cut new holes for liquid, suction and drain connections in the existing header panel. Use **new header plate** supplied with new coil as template to locate holes. Align bottom of new header plate to the bottom of the header panel as indicated in Fig. 9.



**Fig. 9 – Use Header Plate as Template**

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- Slide header panel over tubing and condensate pan connections. Secure fitting panel to casing.
- Slide **new header plate** and **grommets** over tubing and condensate pan connections and secure it to the header panel to cover up oversized and additional holes. This will provide an airtight seal and better installation presentation. See Fig. 10.



**Fig. 10 – Header Plate Installation**

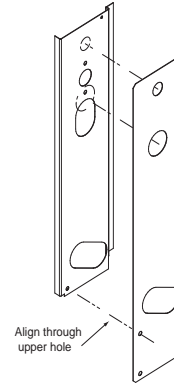
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- Reinstall and secure front access panel to casing.

**3B. Upflow and downflow applications using an existing CK5 coil casing.**

- Remove and keep front access and tubing header panel.
- Remove old N-coil from casing and discard coil.
- Slide new N-coil into casing.

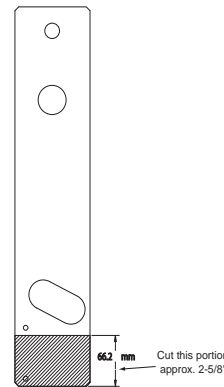
- Cut holes for liquid, suction and drain connections in the existing header panel. Use **new header plate** supplied with coil as template to locate holes. Align header plate to the header panel using the upper hole as indicated in Fig. 11.



**Fig. 11 – Use Header Plate as Template**

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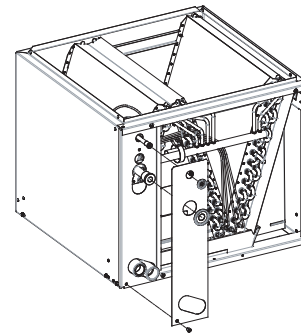
- Slide header panel over tubing and condensate pan connections. Secure fitting panel to casing.
- Cut bottom portion of **header plate**, just below the drain connections, see Fig. 12.



**Fig. 12 – Header Plate Cut-Off**

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- Slide **header plate** and **grommets** over tubing and condensate pan connections and secure it to the header panel to cover up oversized and additional holes. This will provide an airtight seal and better installation presentation (See Fig. 13).
- Reinstall and secure front access panel to casing.



**Fig. 13 – Uncased N-Coil & CK5 Casing**

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**3C. Upflow and downflow replacement applications using an existing plenum with an uncased A-coil.**

- Cut front access of plenum so that old A-coil can be removed.

2. Remove old A-coil from plenum and discard coil.
3. Place **collar** over furnace flanges inside of plenum (See Fig. 1).

**IMPORTANT:** Insure that **collar** is level for proper drainage.

4. Remove front and rear **extension air baffles** from new N-coil.
5. Slide new N-coil into plenum.
6. Cut holes for liquid, suction and drain connections in the existing field-fabricated front access panel of plenum on fabricated new panel. Use **header plate** supplied with coil as template to locate holes.
7. Slide **header plate** and **grommets** over tubing and condensate pan connections and secure it to the plenum front access to cover up oversized and additional holes. This will provide an airtight seal and better installation presentation.
8. Seal all joints to create air tight seal using locally approved materials.

**3D. Upflow and downflow applications using KCAKC N-coil casing. See Table 1 and 2 for proper kit casing model number match-up.**

1. Remove and keep front access and tubing header panel.

**IMPORTANT:** Insure that **collar** is level for proper drainage.

2. Slide new N-coil into casing.
3. Cut holes for liquid and suction connections in the existing header panel. Use **header plate** supplied with coil as template to locate holes. Align header plate to header panel using the upper hole as indicated in Fig. 11.
4. Slide header panel over tubing and condensate pan connections. Secure header panel to casing.
5. Cut bottom portion of **header plate**, just below the drain connections. See Fig. 12.
6. Slide **header plate** and **grommets** over tubing and condensate pan connections and secure it to the fitting plate to cover up oversized and additional holes. This will provide an airtight seal and better installation presentation.
7. Reinstall and secure front access panel to casing.

**3E. Upflow and downflow applications using a new field fabricated plenum installation.**

For uncased N-coil CNPVU/CNRVU width and depth dimensions See Table 1 and 2. Fabricate plenum accordingly.

1. Mount **collar** directly on furnace flanges to support the coil.
2. Remove front and rear extension **air baffles** from new N-coil.
3. Slide new N-coil into plenum opening.
4. Cut holes for liquid, suction connections in field -fabricated front plenum panel. Use **header plate** supplied as template to locate holes.
5. Cover plenum opening with field-fabricated front plenum panel.
6. Slide **header plate** and **grommets** over tubing and condensate pan connections and secure it to the field fabricated front plenum panel to cover up oversized holes. This will provide an airtight seal and better installation presentation.
7. Seal all joints to create air tight seal using locally approved materials.

**IMPORTANT:** Locate caution label stapled to installation instructions. Attach to right side of plenum or accessory casing (See Fig. 14).



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**Fig. 14 – Plenum Caution Label**

**NOTE:** The uncased N-coil features an enclosure to direct airflow through the third coil slab.

**NOTE:** If coil is not being installed in the standard orientation (front of coil matching front of furnace) then coil must be raised 2-1/4 in. above furnace.

**NOTE:** Installing coils rotated 90° from the front of the furnace, in upflow or downflow applications, can cause water blow-off or coil freeze-up due to the concentration of air on one slab of the coil or lack of air to a slab in the coil. It is recommended that on this type of application, a field-supplied adapter be placed between the coil and furnace to allow air to distribute properly between all slabs of the coil.

**Procedure 4 — Refrigerant Line Connections**

Use accessory tubing package or field-supplied tubing of refrigerant grade. Suction tube must be insulated. Do not use damaged, dirty, or contaminated tubing because it may plug refrigerant flow-control device. ALWAYS evacuate the coil and field-supplied tubing before opening outdoor unit service valves.

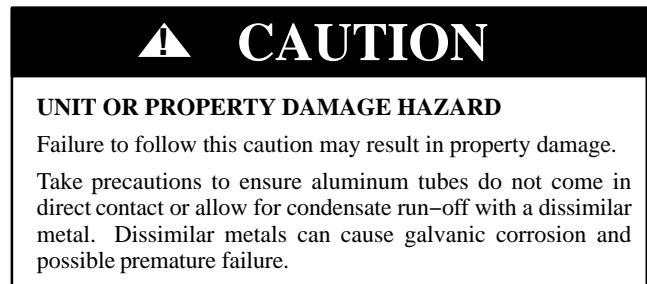
**Procedure 5 — Connect Refrigerant Liquid and Suction Lines**

**SUCTION LINE**

Suction line is designed for field sweat connection. Line is plugged to keep out moisture and dirt. Remove these plugs only when ready to make connection.

See Table 1 and 2 for coil connection tube size.

For matched and mismatched systems, use line sizes recommended in outdoor unit Installation Instructions.



The coil can be connected to outdoor units using field-supplied tubing of refrigerant grade. Always evacuate tubing and reclaim refrigerant when making connections or flaring tubing. Leak check connections before insulating entire suction line.

1. Remove cabinet access door.
2. Remove rubber plugs, suction plug then liquid plug, from coil stubs using a pulling and twisting motion. Hold coil stubs steady to avoid bending or distorting.
3. Remove tubing plate with rubber grommets and slide plate with grommets onto the refrigerant lines (field line-set), away from braze joints.

4. Fit refrigerant lines into coil stubs. Wrap a heat sinking material such as a wet cloth behind braze joints.
5. Wrap TXV and nearby tubing with a heat-sinking material such as a wet cloth.
6. Use 1/2 psig Nitrogen purge in the suction and out the liquid line.
7. Braze using a Sil-Fos or Phos-copper alloy. Do not use soft solder.
8. After brazing, allow joints to cool. Carefully remove TXV bulb insulation and verify that the TXV bulb is securely fastened with hose clamp. Tighten screw a half-turn past hand tight with TXV bulb placed in the indentation with full contact with the vapor line tube. Re-wrap TXV bulb with insulation.
9. Leak check connections before insulating entire suction line.
10. Slide tubing plate with rubber grommets over joints. Position tubing at center of each grommet to ensure an air seal around the tube. Reinstall cabinet door.

## ⚠ CAUTION

### PRODUCT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in product or property damage.

To avoid damage to the refrigerant control device while brazing, wrap tubing or fittings with a heat-sinking material such as a wet cloth.

## ⚠ WARNING

### PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury.

Wear eye protection.

Coil is factory charged with 15 psi nitrogen. The coil is under pressure and TXV screen is in place behind liquid line plug. **DO NOT** removed liquid line plug first; always remove the suction line plug first to depressurize the coil.

### REFRIGERANT METERING DEVICE

CNPVU Models:

These coils have a factory-installed hard-shutoff TXV designed only for use with Puron refrigerant (R-410A). Use only with outdoor units designed for R-410A.

CNRVU Models:

These coils have a factory-installed hard-shutoff TXV designed only for use with R-22 refrigerant. Use only with outdoor units designed for R-22.

**NOTE:** ALL TXVs HAVE PRESET SUPERHEAT SETTINGS AND ARE FIELD NON-ADJUSTABLE.

### Procedure 6 — Condensate Drain Line Connection

## ⚠ CAUTION

### PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in property damage.

When installing over a finished ceiling and/or living area, install a field-fabricated secondary condensate pan under the entire unit.

The coil is designed to dispose of accumulated water through built-in condensate drain fittings. It is recommended that PVC fittings be used on the condensate pan. Do not over-tighten. Finger tighten plus 1-1/2 turns. Be sure to install plastic plug in unused condensate drain fitting. Two 3/4-in. female threaded pipe connections are provided in each coil condensate pan.

A trap is not necessary on the condensate line. Consult local codes for additional restrictions or precautions. If local codes require a trap then the following guidelines are suggested to assure proper drainage. Install a trap in condensate line of coil as close to the coil as possible. Make trap at least 3 in. (76 mm) deep and no higher than the bottom of unit condensate drain opening (See Fig. 15). Pitch condensate line 1 in. (25.4 mm) for every 10 ft. of length to an open drain or sump. Make sure that the outlet of each trap is below its connection to condensate pan to prevent condensate from overflowing the drain pan. Prime all traps, test for leaks, and insulate traps and lines if located above a living area.

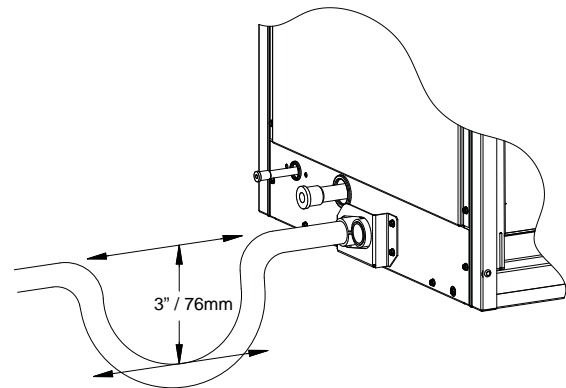


Fig. 15 – Condensate Trap

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**NOTE:** If unit is located in or above a living space, where damage may result from condensate overflow, a field-supplied, external condensate pan should be installed underneath the entire unit, and a secondary condensate line (with appropriate trap) should be run from the unit into the pan. Any condensate in this external condensate pan should be drained to a noticeable place. As an alternative to using an external condensate pan, some localities may allow the running of a separate 3/4-in. (19 mm) condensate line (with appropriate trap) per local code to a place where the condensate will be noticeable. The owner of the structure must be informed that when condensate flows from secondary drain or external condensate pan, the unit requires servicing or water damage will occur. To further protect against water damage, install a float switch to shut the unit off if the water in the secondary pan gets too high.

**NOTE:** To avoid drainage problems, test the primary drain line by slowly pouring water into the pan. Check piping for leaks and proper condensate drainage. Using the secondary drain as

explained in the previous note provides further protection against overflow due to a clogged primary drain.

**NOTE:** In applications where return air humidity levels stay at 70% or above for a prolonged period of time, condensation can form on the bottom of pan and drip.

**WASTE LINE CONNECTION**

If the condensate line is to be connected to a waste (sewer) line, an open trap must be installed ahead of the waste line to prevent escape of sewer gases (See Fig. 16 ).

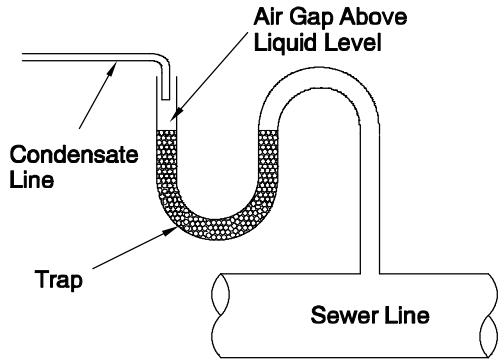


Fig. 16 – Condensate Drain to Waste Line

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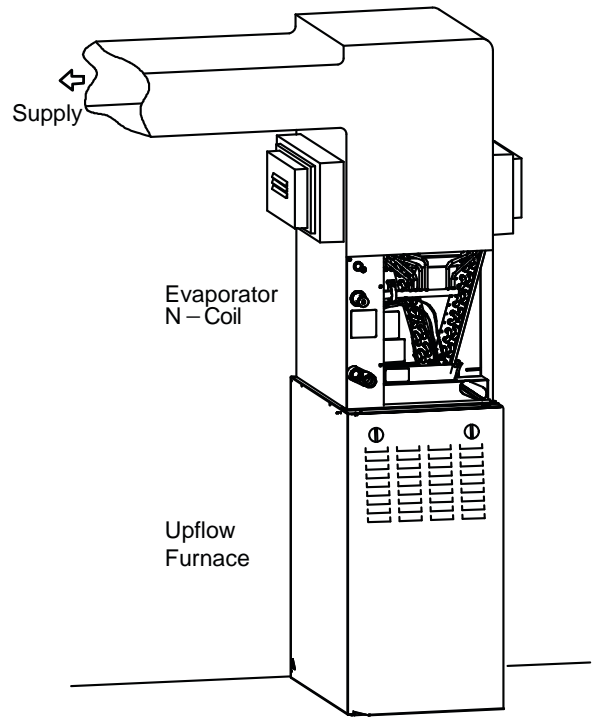


Fig. 17 – Installation of Humidifier in System with N-Coil

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**NOTE:** The State of California requires Proposition 65 labels (Prop 65) for products containing materials of concern. Taped to the header plate door is the Proposition 65 Label for this product. Apply this label on the outside front of the furnace coil casing.

**⚠ WARNING**

**EXPLOSION HAZARD**

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Provide trap with air gap in drain line when connecting to waste (sewer) line.

**Procedure 7 — Humidifier Application**

When installing a humidifier in a system which contains an N-coil, consideration must be given to location of coil slabs. (See Fig. 17.)

1. Care must be taken to prevent damage of N-coil when attaching humidifier to coil casing or plenum.
2. These models are shipped with a Caution Label (see Fig. 14) to be applied to plenum to indicate slab location. When these coils are removed from their casing and applied directly into the plenum, affix this Caution Label to the right side of the plenum enclosure. This is needed only in cases where the humidifier is not installed with original equipment. Label will alert future service and installation technicians about coil slab location.
3. Ensure that humidifier has adequate airflow.

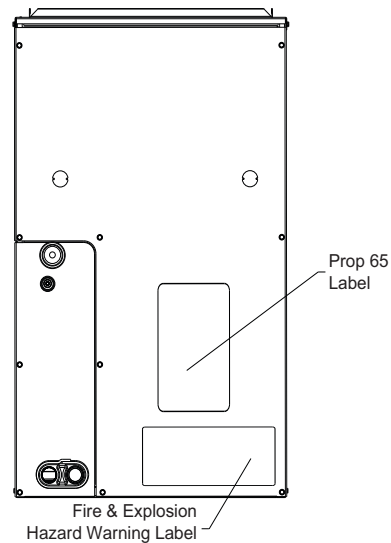


Fig. 18 – Label Placement on Casing

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**NOTE:** Attached to the literature assembly is the Fire and Explosion Hazard warning label for this product. Apply this label on the outside front of the furnace coil casing if one does not exist on the casing. (See Fig. 18)